The Columbian.

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DEATH BY SUICIDE.

TOWNSEND BOONE TAKES HIS OWN LIFE BY SHOOTING.

Business Troubles and Financial Losses Said to Be the Cause of the Tragedy —A Son of the Late Newton Boone, of This Town.

We clip the following from the Hazleton *Sentinel*. The subject of the sketch was raised in this town and was a son of the late Newton Boone, who resided on Third street several years ago:

"Shortly after one o'clock Monday afternoon the rumor gained credence that Townsend W. Boone, one of the best known and most highly esteemed citizens of Hazleton, had committed suicide. His friends were prone to disbelieve the reports at first, but an investigation revealed the fact that the information was correct, and that the kindly-hearted old man was slowly dying from the effects of a self-inflicted wound.

For over a week Mr. Boone has been confined to his home, corner of Broad and Poplar streets, with illness. His daughter, Mrs. James Cowans, has been in constant attendance, and a few minutes after one o'clock stepped next door to pay a brief visit to Mrs. Thomas Mimford.

The servant was in the summer kitchen busily engaged in ironing when she heard a peculiar noise from the sick room. Thinking that Mr. Boone was in want of something she stepped across to Mrs. Mimford's and told Mrs. Cowans to come at once.

The daughter responded instantly and going up stairs found her father lying on the floor in a pool of his own blood with a smoking revolver still clutched in his hand. This was about 1:15 o'clock. The neighborhood was at once alarmed and Dr. Brundage hastily summoned. On arriving at the house he found that life was not yet extinct and had the unfortunate man placed in bed. Investigation revealed the fact that the ball had entered the head back of the right ear and had been so directed that no hope of recovery existed.

Mr. Boone was a partner in the Lehigh Lumber Co., and business troubles and financial losses had so preyed on his mind that he became ill. He continued to brood and in his weakened state must have lost command of his faculties and committed the rash act.

A gentleman of the old school, an indefatigable worker and as upright a character as one could find, Mr. Boone possessed the confidence and esteem of all with whom he came in contact. He always had a pleasant greeting for young and old, a bit of kindly advice for the rising generation and in the home circle he was a loving father and trusty friend."

Bloomsburg Wheelmen Entertained.

The Penn Social Club of this city entertained the Bloomsburg Wheelmen at progressive euchre last night. The event was one of the most pleasant that has ever taken place here in club circles. The Bloomsburg Wheelmen won in the contest, the score being 66 to 54. The scorers were: Bloomsburg, G. P. Ringler; Danville, E. F. Williams. There were seventeen Bloomsburg Wheelmen present as follows:

F. E. Miller, William Webb, T. B. Moore, Harry Achenbach, C. C. Yetter, Joe Townsend, E. F. Carpenter, William Hehl, Stephen Reice, Frank Derr, Thos. Vanderslice, P. K. Vannatta, D. E. Mensch, G. A. Clark, Henry Knorr, and J. M. Davis.—Montour *American*.

Want Higher Wages at Danville.

The 16-inch mill of the Reading Iron Works shut down Monday, in consequence of a difficulty with the hookers, who demand an advance in rate of wages paid. The dissatisfied men claim that while working certain kinds of iron under the present adjustment of wages they make as low as 70 cents per day. The hookers are only eight in number, but their action in standing out makes it necessary to close down the entire 16-inch mill, which employs some seventy-five men. What the outcome of the matter may be is uncertain, but it is hoped that the difference may be adjusted without any loss of time.—*Montour American.*

Col. J. G. Freeze is building an addition to his law office on Centre street.

STRAY PARAGRAPHS.

—Cat rifles—Mauser's.

—Spring unions will soon be on the Menus.

—When there's a spoony couple, one's the holder.

—Some men are born great, and some have to be elected.

—Money is so changeable that it really is an uncertain quantity.

—The expression "your'e not so warm" will soon be out of season.

—Adam was the first man and he didn't escape—Eve was after him.

—The perfectly square man need not have any fear of being cornered.

—Yes dear, paste diamonds are false stones but they are not shamrocks.

—It is said that it is risky to run in debt but there are plenty willing to run the risk.

—The telephone, we venture to say was spoken about long before it was talked over.

—It really begins to look as though money has lost its purchasing power in Pennsylvania politics.

—Ten mills make a cent—but the fellow who owns ten mills nowadays is pretty sure to make a million.

—The Canadians could have done us a great favor by kidnapping Secretary Alger when he was visiting them.

—Tod Sloan, the American horse jockey has returned to London and resumed his chummy relations with the English nobility.

—A large measure of sympathy from people in all walks of life is extended to Father Krickerbocker in the recent disaster the burning of the Andrews Mansion.

BAND CONCERT.

The following program will be rendered by the Band in the Opera House Monday evening:

PART I.

March, "Whistling Rufus" Mills
Cornet Solo, "Centennial Polka"
- - - Bellstedt
Mr. L. W. McHenry.
Overture, "Il Trovatore" Verdi
Clarinet Solo, "In the deep Cellar"
- - - Kropset
Mr. A. H. Foulk.
Selection, "Wang" Morse
Orchestra.
Violin Solo, "Scene DeBallot" DeBeritt
Mr. Cnas. D. Breon.

PART II.

Overture, "Tancredi" Rossini
Vocal Solo, "The Merry Monks" Tracy
Mr. O. H. Yetter.
Descriptive Selection, "The Battle of Manila" - - Schleifforth
Duet from Maritani, Wallace
Messrs Foulk and McHenry.
Baritone Solo, "Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep" - Rollinson
Mr. Geo. Knorr.
Selection, "A Garland of Roses" Beyer
Orchestra.

F. H. LOSEY, Musical Director.

Fire Companies Called Out.

The sounding of the fire alarm about four o'clock Sunday afternoon, created some little excitement on the street and occasioned considerable maneuvering on the part of the fire companies to ascertain the exact location of the fire. It was finally located on Eighth street in a house occupied by William Rush and owned by Robert Kindt of Mordansville. It appears that the heads of the family had gone out calling in the afternoon, leaving the house in charge of the children, six in number. The sixth child, a little boy, aged four, had secured some matches and amused himself by setting fire to some hay which was in bale form in the shanty. A few minutes later the attention of some passers by was attracted by the strong ordor of burning. A hasty investigation revealed a blaze of no little proportions. The alarm was sounded, and with their usual promptness the fire companies responded, and in a short time, it was completely outened.

The Friendship had already gotten out the engine and had steam up ready for action, but its use was not needed. The loss, we are pleased to say is only trifling. Thus again is the great danger of leaving children alone in a house demonstrated.

Parish House Supper.

The choir of St. Paul's church will give a supper in the Parish House, next Tuesday evening, beginning at 5 o'clock. Price 15 cents. Ice cream and cake extra. All are invited.

District Attorney Harman has moved into his handsome new residence on Third street.

THE NEW TOWN COUNCIL.

THEY HELD THEIR FIRST MEETING LAST THURSDAY NIGHT.

Eugene F. Carpenter Chosen For Town Treasurer, H. A. M'Killip, Solicitor, C. F. Neyhard, Street Commissioner—Other Changes.

The new Town Council, elected at the February election, assembled in the Council Chamber for its first regular meeting Thursday evening of last week.

The roll call, by the Secretary, showed the full board present—every member answering to his name.

President Holmes requested the Secretary to read the minutes of the former meeting, which was done, after which came the work of making appointments for the town offices. The Secretaryship was disposed of first. For this position two persons had filed applications—Freeze Quick and Roy Ralston. The first named was the unanimous choice, and he was elected by acclamation. His salary to remain the same as last year—$20 per month.

For Vice President of Council there were two nominees, but the withdrawal of F. B. Hartman gave the election to J. S. Blue.

A. N. Yost and Eugene F. Carpenter had presented their names for the consideration of the Council for the position of Town Treasurer. The first ballot revealed the fact that Mr. Carpenter had received a majority of the votes, and he was therefore declared the victor.

For Town Solicitor there were five names, namely, W. H. Magill, C. G. Barkley, Fred Ikeler, A. N. Yost and H. A. M'Killip. The first ballot resulted in a tie, but a second was taken, and for the ensuing year the Town Fathers will seek legal information from H. A. M'Killip.

Three ballots were required to decide the Street Commissionership. C. F. Neyhard was elected. The other aspirants were Levi Cox, David Fisher, C. R. Housel, David Winner, C. W. McKelvy and John Hickey. Judging from the apparent eagerness for this office one would think that there was a big fat salary attached to it, but yet he only receives $1.75 per day.

Wesley Knorr will continue to carry the star for another year, he having received four votes against three for Arlington Shultz. His salary is the same as heretofore, $40 00, and in consideration of which he will be required to keep watch over the streets, from one o'clock in the afternoon until one o'clock in the morning.

The Secretary stated that there were three applicants for High Constable: Miles Betz, Wm. Dietterick and John W. Gibbs. The latter was elected.

The last office to be filled was that of Town Engineer, but as Jas. C. Brown had no opposition, it was soon disposed of.

It was decided to meet in regular monthly session on the first Thursday night of each month, at 7:30.

President Holmes then made the following appointments:

Street—W. L. Demaree, John Cox, J. S. Blue.

Fire and Water—J. S. Blue, F. B. Hartman, T. L. Smith.

Light—F. B. Hartman, C. L. Cronin, W. L. Demaree, T. L. Smith.

Sanitary—T. L. Smith, C. L. Cronin, John Cox.

W. U Jury was chosen building inspector.

Building permits were granted to Wm. Gingles for a porch on his house, Centre street; C. B. Ohl for shop rear of residence, Seventh and East streets; Martha C. Hendershott, West Third street.

The following bills were read and approved, and orders issued for same:

G. M. Quick	$ 7.40
Bloom Steam and E. L. Co.	45.75
J. C. Rutter, Jr.	8.00

Report of Chief of Police Knorr was read with reference to street lamps being out, and it was decided to deduct same from the Bloomsburg Steam & Electric Light Co.'s bill.

The construction gang of the Central Pennsylvania Telephone Company from Williamsport arrived in town Monday morning and are now engaged in running seven hundred feet of new cable, and repairing other lines in town, in the way of new poles, etc.

And now we learn that Phil Armour favors cremation after death. He has evidently got enough of this embalming business.

HAWLEY—SLATE FURNITURE CO.

Less than a year ago the large plant of the Bloomsburg Furniture Co. was leased by Robert Hawley, of Williamsport, and William H. Slate of this town, and a company was organized under the name of the Hawley-Slate Furniture Co. The factory was started on June 1, 1898, and except for repairs has been running every working day since A. L. Jadobs of Grand Rapids, Michigan, is Superintendent of the works, and two of the foremen are also from Grand Rapids.

They are making now ten different patterns of bedroom suits, and seven patterns of side boards. About July 1st they will begin work on new patterns that will be shown in the fall. At present ninety six hands are employed. more than half of them being men and the others boys. The entire first and second floors are filled with lumber and manufactured goods, and one can see the process of making furniture, from the cutting of the rough boards until the completed sets reach the packing room ready for shipment. The capacity of the factory is about 450 chamber suits and 150 side boards a month, and they are running almost up to the limit. Much new and improved machinery has been added to the plant by Messrs Hawley and Slate by which the cost of production has been reduced to the lowest possible point. The goods turned out are perfect in every respect, and the prices at which they are sold are astonishingly low. Samples of their furniture can be seen at F. P. Pursel's store.

Such enterprises as these are what help to build up a town, and we are glad to note the indications which show that the energetic young firm of Hawley & Slate is meeting with well merited success in business, and as they possess all the elements of popularity, we expect to see in the near future, the Furniture Company rank as one of the most important and most progressive of our industrial institutions.

Mrs. Catharine Conner Dead.

Mrs. Catharine Conner, an estimable lady of Orangeville succumbed to a violent attack of heart disease at her home in the town stated, about four p. m. on Sunday. She had been a sufferer from the disease in a mild form for many years, but her death was sudden and rather unexpected. The deceased was formerly a Miss Millard, daughter of the late Reece Millard, and a sister of the late Associate Judge. She was a good kind mother, a generous neighbor, a woman who during her life, possessed the rare faculty of forgetting her own sorrow and rejoicing at others good fortune. Her death is deeply regretted. She is survived by two children. Millard and Capt. Harrison J. Conner, both of whom reside at Orangeville. The funeral services were conducted yesterday forenoon at the home, and burrial in the Orangeville cemetery.

Death Claims Mrs. Mary Breece.

After an extended illness, during which she suffered great pain, Mrs. Mary Breece, departed this life at her home on West Main street, Tuesday afternoon. She was a good christian lady, a loving wife and true mother, and her family has suffered an irreparable loss.

Of her own immediate family five children survive. They are Mrs. J. B. Robison, Hannah and Dorah, both living at home, Horace, Secretary of the Berwick Y. M. C. A., and William also a resident of Berwick.

The deceased had reached the advanced age of seventy four years. For the last fifty years she has lived in this town. Her husband, Daniel Breece died several years ago.

The funeral will take place from her late home tomorrow at two o'clock.

A Pretty Home Wedding.

A pretty home wedding was solemnized at the home of the bride's parents Mr. and Mrs. Isaiah Yost, on Fifth street at eight o'clock Saturday evening, when their daughter Miss Ada was united in marriage to Edward Gerringer, also of this town. The words which made the happy young couple partners for life, were said by Rev. M. E. McLinn of the Lutheran church, of which both bride and groom are members. The ceremony was witnessed by only the immediate friends of both parties. They will reside in a house on East Fifth street, previously prepared for their occupancy. Mr. and Mrs. Gerringer have the best wishes of their many friends, for a long, happy and prosperous life.

We Try to Make Friends

Of Our Customers.

Transient trade is all right (we want that, too), but steady trade is the foundation of a business. That's what we are working for, your year 'round trade.

We are giving prices that will attract you.

Good Clothes

Help one along in life. It's not what you pay for clothes, so much as what you get for your money.

To Show Our Goods

Is a pleasure, and it is a special pleasure to show

Our New Spring Suits.

Come in and look around, you don't have to buy if you don't want to.

BEN GIDDING.

The Leader Department Store.

CARPETS.

The old adage, that "the proof of the pudding is in the eating thereof," received a strong confirmation this past week. We have claimed all along that our carpet stock was larger and better than the combined stocks in the county, and that you could trade better with us than anywhere else. Our friends, after looking over all the stocks in town, came to us and made their selection. That tells the tale, and so generous has been the call that we have commenced already to duplicate on some of our patterns.

MATTINGS.

The largest stock shown anywhere, and at prices from 12½c up to 35c.

CURTAINS.

We will give you Lace Curtains from 75c up to $15.00 per pair, and prices between.

OLD CARPETS.

We forgot to say, under heading of Carpets, that we have a number of borders, which will go well with old carpets you want to piece out for larger rooms. It will save you dollars if you don't want to throw away the old carpet. We would rather sell you an entirely new floor, but we are here to save you money, anyway.

BABY COACHES.

We have them from $5.00 up to $15.00. You will easily pay 20 per cent. more for each class elsewhere than with us.

OAK BED-ROOM SUITS.

Seven pieces, $20.00. Easily worth $25.00.

DINING-ROOM TABLES AND CHAIRS.

New goods—just in.

CURLY BIRCH AND MAHOGANY BED-ROOM SUITS.

We have a few sets left yet of this class. Only one of a kind, and we'll shade the price 25 per cent. to clean up.

TABLE LINEN.

We claim that we carry the finest lines of these goods in the town. We always had the reputation of showing the best values for the money, and we are keeping it up. Just as a sample, we have the finest Crash Linen, Double Damask, for $2.75 per yard. The patterns are beautiful. City stores show nothing daintier, nor at so low a price. Then we have a good Table Cover, unbleached, at 25c, and an absolutely pure all linen at 50c. Lots between. Before you buy your Table Linen look our stock over. It will give you the standard for comparison, even though you buy elsewhere.

GROCERY DEPARTMENT.

Goods fresh every week. No old stock to work off. Finest California Hams, 6c per pound. Regular, 10c. Have you tasted our fine 20c Mixed Chocolates? Equal to any 25c candy in town. Same brand sold in Philadelphia regularly for 30c. We will buy lard, eggs, potatoes and other country produce.

The Leader Store Co., Ltd.,

Fourth and Market Streets.

OUR FASHION LETTER

SKIRTS THAT CLING WILL WORRY OUR WOMEN.

Made So Tight Their Wearers Cannot Bend With Comfort—How Heavy Skirts May Be Handled—Soft Cashmeres Make Effective Spring Costumes.

Here is a big picture hat, with groups of ostrich tips and lacey brim. The hat has deep purple velvet streamers, which start from a rosette and tie under the chin in a graceful bow. The crown is made of plaited yellow net and stands up like a ruff. The transparent brim is of open work yellow straw lace, outlined with a fine black velvet cord. Around the crown is a band of deep purple velvet, and the full curly tips are jet black.

Most attractive are the spring costumes that are now being turned out by the gross—so attractive, in fact, that few women will be able to resist the temptation to buy more than one. To begin with, there are so many different styles, each and all appropriate to so many different occasions that it

will be extremely hard to refrain from buying a gown for each and every occasion. Of course, first on the list must come the coat and skirt style, the accepted uniform for shopping, traveling and all such occasions. These gowns are made in several different ways, the principal novelty in them being the skirts. There are several models of skirts, most of which are attractive; some, however, too exaggerated. There is one style made, as it were, in a half circular—that is, with circular sides and a seam down the centre of the back, but with absolutely no fullness until very nearly at the foot of the skirt. However, the seam down the centre of the back seems to relieve somewhat the very plain look that is given by the circular skirt that has no fullness and no break in the material. These skirts fasten at the left side, sometimes with an invisible fastening under a flap or fold of cloth. Others fasten under a piece of braid or straps of the cloth. Then, again, there are skirts made on this same plan that have the perfectly plain effect, but are relieved by little cords of trimming.

The New Shade of Blue.

An attractive gown in light blue (the new shade of blue) is trimmed to represent an overskirt. This consists of lines of black satin bias folds not over a quarter of an inch wide outlined with a narrow white silk braid. They are put down the front breadth, turn around in a graceful line, come up at the side in points and then go down again to the bottom of the gown at the back. The skirt is cut with so much of a flare that this trimming gives the effect of an overskirt finished in points and is infinitely more graceful, because there is no flapping of extra material, as would be the case if two skirts were used. Another style—this perhaps smarter—has the skirt cut with the same flare and is trimmed with bands of the dress material. The bands only show in certain lights and yet give a style that is most charming and exceedingly smart.

All the skirts are awkwardly long, the flaring flounce touching the ground everywhere. It is hard to hold these skirts up; women, however, are gradually acquiring the art, which consists of grabbing the centre of the back breadth, holding it up quite high and then with the disengaged hand holding the fullness that otherwise would fall on the ground at the left side. This can be made a most picturesque pose, but also an extremely awkward one. It calls for the daintiest of silk petticoats, for it must be confessed there is always more or less expose of lingerie. It is said the bootmakers are rejoicing in this new style of skirt, for they say that it shows the feet far more, and consequently women are taking much more interest in their boots and shoes. It certainly does show the feet a great deal. Just here it may be well to say that colored stockings are coming in fashion again and can be shown to advantage with this style of skirt.

For house wear the long trained skirts are attractive and becoming. They add greatly to a woman's height, too, and have a look of elegance about them that a short skirt can never possess, but on the other hand, nothing looks worse in the street than a skirt that is allowed to trail along on the ground, cleaning up our dirty streets.

Smart Gowns in Black.

Some of the smartest gowns are in black. One of light, smooth cloth for half mourning is made with the skirt so tight around the hips that it does not seem possible for the wearer thereof to sit down; however, it can be accomplished if she will remember to pull the skirt up a little in front as she sits down. Below the sheath like effect around the hips the skirt flares out so that it gives more freedom in walking than might be supposed. It is built on the plan described, with a seam up the centre of the back, and opens in front at the left side by means of hooks put on under the seam so cleverly that they do not show at all. The coat is quite short, fits tight, and is cut in round points at the back and trimmed with several bands of stitched cloth. These bands are stitched before they are put on. The double-breasted front is trimmed with small silk buttons fastened with loops of silk twist—not buttonholes. The coat can be worn open or double-breasted, as has been described, the revers being faced with a light gray silk stitched and corded. With this jacket and skirt is always worn a light gray silk blouse just a shade lighter than the trimming on the revers, the waist showing between the revers when the coat is worn open. The sleeves fit absolutely tight and, of course, the whole gown is intensely severe, but it is very becoming even to a woman without a figure, because the tailors can arrange to help out nature and give the desired lines.

Effective Spring Costumes.

The soft cashmeres make most effective spring costumes; they are made not only in the princesse shape, but also in waists and skirts. One of the smartest that has been turned out is a light brown, and has a close-fitting skirt, quite long, trimmed down the left side, where it is fastened with rows of narrow braid and ten crystal buttons. The coat is tight-fitting, double-breasted, cut short in the back like an Eton coat and in front with square tabs that fasten over each other with small crystal buttons. There are wide revers, round in shape, and a high round collar that can be turned over or worn standing, the latter faced with purple velvet, stitched in many rows, with an applique of brown cloth over the purple velvet. It is worn over the waist of the gown, which is strapped with bands of white lace over blue satin ribbon, put on to give the effect of a fichu crossed in front, and then going around at the back and fastening down under a most minute cloth belt. There is a V-shaped piece let in like a yoke in front of the waist and cuffs pointed in shape made of brown chenille. Trimming cashmere gowns with plain cloths, dotted with chenille, is one of the fads of the season, and it is sure to be one of the leading models.

Beige Cloth Dress.

One of the most fashionable colors at the present moment is very bright beige, resembling certain shades of peau de Suede or peau de Saxe gloves. It is of the princesse shape, but the skirt appears detached from the body, which forms a bolero crossing from right to left. The skirt, in the prevailing style, is comparatively tight around the body. In the back the corsage and the skirt are marked down sides by seams starting from the inset of the sleeves and extending in the form of a tunic to the bottom of the skirt. This tunic falls over an underskirt of violine taffetas, which is seen for a width of ten centimetres below the tunic, and is trimmed with a

shaped flounce slightly gathered, and gives the dress the effect of being very much widened at the hem. This tunic is fastened down the front slightly on one side, and the sides are ornamented with rounded festoons of white cloth, piped with white along the edges.

The violine silk appears between the festoons all the way down. The upper part of the bolero is cut low, over a small yoke of violine silk. The neck trimming with narrow black velvet. The sleeves are quite tight, and are trimmed along the outer seam with a narrow band of white cloth.

The hat that completes the costume is of felt, matching the cloth. The brim, is crinkled across the front, and bound with black velvet. On the top of the hat is an ornament composed of black feathers and violine roses.

Three Electric Fishes.

Of about fifty species of electric fishes, only three are of special importance—the torpedo, a kind of skate of the Mediterranean; the gymnotus or electric eel, of the Orinoco; and the malapterurus or thunderer fish, of the Nile. Interesting facts about the electric organ have been lately brought to light. This most remarkable of all batteries, whose results are said to be more economically obtained than any reached by man, acts only at the will of the animal, which also controls its intensity, and the discharge seems to depend upon some chemical process in the plate where the nerve filaments end. In the full grown gymnotus, whose shocks may stun a man, the voltage is probably between 300 and 800. A curious feature of the batteries is that they are without insulation. The discharge, which does not affect the fish itself, is used for protection and securing food.

A drop of oil in time may save many a gallon of perspiration.

FORTY-FIVE YEARS AGO.

An Account of Cuba as It Was at That Time.

In the very first number of Putnam's Monthly Magazine, the date of which is January, 1853, after the introduction, there is an article on Cuba. The subject chosen some 45 years ago as the leading features in Putnam's shows how important it was then considered. The article is unsigned, but it was written by Richard Burleigh Kimball, the author of "Undercurrents of Wall Street Life" and "Letters from Cuba." Were the author of this article alive to-day (he died in 1892) he would see how prophetic he was.

Eighteen hundred and fifty-two had been a year of turmoil. The Napoleonic coup d'etat of 1851 had unsettled Europe. There were the beginnings of those troubles with Russia which brought about in 1854 the Crimean war. In his introduction of the article "Cuba" Kimball wrote, "We cannot, if we would, remain indifferent to what is passing in any of the civilized states. One great effect of freedom is to fill the heart with an earnest desire that every living being should participate in its privileges."

"We have seen that the position of the Creoles in Alba is that of an oppressed and degraded race, fully sensible of their wrongs; that they now regard the power which oppresses them with indignation; that, notwithstanding their earnest desire to be free, they are kept under by the terrors of servile insurrection and the fear of a relentless persecution. But do the Cubans despair altogether of liberty? Have they no hope from any quarter, or, if from any, from what quarter? There is no doubt that they look to the United States, and to the United States only, as their ultimate hope and salvation from the cruelties of Spain."

Then comes this remarkable passage:

"What is in the future? Cuba will become a part of the United States The how or the when it is useless to predict. Political events have transpared so rapidly within the last few years that

"That of an hour's age doth kiss the speaker."

"We are borne onward by the force which seems hastening some great consummation. If all do not agree as to the result which these changes are to bring, no one can shut his eyes to the changes themselves. They have multiplied within the year; they are multiplying; they will continue to multiply. * * * What is to be done? Shall we attempt to stay this sweeping current, and be carried away by it? or shall we rather do what we may to control and direct it?"

Exactly the same broad argument of humanity which one reads every day as the main reason for our quarrel with Spain Mr. Kimball wrote about in 1853.

In 1851 the Lopez expedition had made a landing at Marillo. Lopez was captured and garroted. During the same year Col. Crittenden was shot. In 1852 first appeared a decided action on the part of the President of the United States, Mr. Fillmore, refusing to join Great Britain and France in a treaty which guaranteed to Spain the possession of Cuba. In 1852 there was a conspiracy in Cuba, and its leaders were garroted, shot, or sent to prison for life. The article then in Putnam's Magazine was a timely one, for Cuba then occupied public attention. This is an extract from the second page of the article:

"There is almost within sight of our own shores a province of one of the monarchies of the old world whose inhabitants are suffering under greater and more oppressive burdens and are governed by a sway more absolute and tyrannical than has ever been exercised against Sclave, Maygar, Pole or Indian. It is the Island of Cuba."

Mr. Kimball describes the various captains general, and shows that on the accession of Miguel Tacon there began "a series of injuries, cruelties, and oppressions against this unfortunate island unparalleled in the history of civilized communities * * * Tacon possessed a jealous nature, was short-sighted and narrow-minded, and had an uncommen stubbornness of character" and these are the Spanish traits of to-day—that is, of the Iberian functionary. The Tacon policy was about this: that the Island of Cuba can only be Spanish or African. Describing exact conditions when the article was written, Kimball writes:

"The people of the United States assert political, religious and commercial freedom; they believe in the philanthropic mission of their country to extend the same throughout this hemisphere. * * * As a people, too, we contend that the physical and moral wants of making cannot be disregarded. If subjects are oppressed by tyrants, supported by brute force, the citizen of the free state will be very likely to use his individual might to take off the irons from the victims."

The article in Putnam's Monthly is an uncommonly able one, historically correct, and in exact accordance with the feelings of to-day.—New York Times.

"TOO ERR IS HUMAN."—People like to talk about attractive things in advertising. In a company recently the proverb above quoted, and which appeared at the head of one of a well constructed series of advertisemets of Hood's Sarsaparilla, was so much discussed that we doubt if anyone there will ever forget the source whence it came. Messrs. Hood & Co. are using these proverb advertisements on a very broad scale, and they are attracting discussion and favorable comment everywhere.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Governor Stone Designates Monday May 1, as a Legal Holiday.

Governor Stone last week issued the following proclamation:

"By authority of the current resolution of the Legislature of Pennsylvania approved March 21, 1899, which recognized Monday, May 1, 1898, as the first anniversary of the victory of the American squadron commanded by Admiral George Dewey, in which the Spanish fleet was sunk in Manila harbor, one of the greatest achievements in naval warfare the world has ever known, and to enable the people of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to take part with the citizens of other States in the proper observance of said day.

"I, William A. Stone, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania do hereby name Monday, May 1, 1899 as Dewey Day, and designate the same as a legal holiday, and recommend to the people of the State its proper observance."

"Oh, Lord, Hit Him Again."

An exchange says that a small church was sadly in need of general repairs and a meeting was being held in it with a view to raising funds for that purpose. The minister having said $500 would be required, a very wealthy (and equally stingy) member of the congregation arose and said he would give one dollar. Just as he sat down, however, a lump of plaster fell from the ceiling and hit him on the head, whereupon he arose and hastily said he had made a mistake, he would give $50. This was too much for the enthusiastic preacher, who forgetful of everything called out fervently, "Oh, Lord, hit him again!"

April Showers

Wash away the filth and waste that have accumulated during winter.

In like manner Hood's Sarsaparilla expels from the blood impurities that have been deposited during the season when there has been but little perspiration and perhaps constant confinement in impure and vitiated air. It is a boon to tired mothers, housekeepers, teachers and others who spend their time indoors.

It gives the blood richness and vitality, fitting it to strengthen and nourish the nerves, muscles and all the great organs of the body. It cures all spring humors and banishes that tired feeling.

It is the best medicine money can buy for all diseases caused by impure and impoverished blood. You should begin taking it to day.

Points for Bondsmen.

At the recent license court in Lycoming county, which was presided over by Judge Mayer, Attorney Ames made a few points that especially concerns those who become bondsmen for liquor dealers. Mr. Ames called attention to the act of 1893, in which it is provided that any one who goes on the bonds of more than one applicant for license is obliged to make affidavit setting forth that he is worth $4,000 over and above any indebtedness. Another point raised was that these bonds are a lien on the real estate of the bondsmen until the expiration of two years from their date.

WHAT A TRAIN OF AILMENTS follow in the wake of a stomach that is out of kelter—what a story of suffering can be saved in the timely use of so pleasant and positive a cure for dyspepsia and indigestion as Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets. The pineapple is a veritable fountain of vegetable pepsin—Nature's tonic for people out of sorts. One tablet relieves. 35c. Sold by C. A. Kleim.

The Wilkesbarre *News* says: "It begins to look very much as if the public school teachers might be obliged to take their vacations at home this summer. The balance of cash in the State Treasury is shown to be the smallest since the Civil War and it will be impossible to pay any part of the public school appropriations in June next. In districts where the schools are entirely dependent on State aid, as is largely the case in the rural regions, the prospects of the teachers with respect to prompt payment of salaries seem to be anything but brilliant."

PILL-AGE—Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills 10 cents a vial, are planned after the most modern in medical science. They are as great an improvement over the 50 years old strong dose pill formulas as a bicycle is over an ox-cart in travel. They never gripe, they never fail. 40 doses 10 cents.—59.
Sold by C. A. Kleim.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE COLUMBIAN

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Alx. Senna +
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed +
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda +
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Wintergreen Flavor.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES - 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

A LOCAL Disease
A Climatic Affection
Nothing but a local remedy or change of climate will cure it.
Get a well-known SPECIFIC
Ely's Cream Balm
It is quickly Absorbed. Gives Relief at once. Opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages.
Allays Inflammation Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. No Cocaine, No Mercury. No Injurious drug. Full Size 50c; Trial Size 10c, at Druggists or by mail.
ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York
CATARRH
ELY'S CREAM BALM CURES COLD IN HEAD CATARRH ROSE-COLD HAY-FEVER DEAFNESS HEADACHE ELY BRO'S NEW YORK
COLD IN HEAD

LIVERITA
THE UP-TO-DATE LITTLE LIVER PILL
40 PILLS LIVERITA 10 CENTS
100 PILLS 25 CTS.
CURES Biliousness, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Sick-Headache and Liver Complaint.
SUGAR COATED.
Sold by all druggists or sent by mail.
Nervita Medical Co., Chicago
5c. boxes contains 15 pills. Sold by Moyer Bros., druggists, Bloomsburg, Penna. 4-13-99

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Facilitates Business.
Use the LOCAL TELEPHONE and Communicate.
Direct with persons in Berwick, Catawissa, Danville, Riverside, Rupert, Willow Grove, Almedia, Lightstreet, Lime Ridge, Mifflinville, Millville, Rohrsburg, Nescopeck, Orangeville, Stillwater and Benton Also long distance lines to nearly all the towns in the different States. Rates reasonable. Local exchange over Postoffice.
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JOHN KENYON, Manager.

You can save money on Pianos and Organs. You will always find the largest stock, best makes and lowest prices.
PIANOS, From $175.00 and Upwards.
ORGANS From $50.00 and Upwards
We sell on the installment plan. Pianos $25.00 down and $10.00 per month. Organs, $10.00 down, $5.00 per month. Liberal discount for cash. Sheet Music, at one half price. Musical merchandise of kinds.
We handle Genuine Singer High Arm
SEWING MACHINES,
$5.00 down and $3.00 per month. We also handle the Demorest Sewing Machine, from $19.50 and upwards. Sewing Machine Needles and Oil for all makes of Sewing Machines. Best makes of
WASH MACHINES,
FROM $4.00 UP TO $9.00.
J. SALTZER.
Music Rooms—No. 115 West Main St., below Market, Bloomsburg, Pa. 3m11-3

Fine PHOTOGRAPHS and CRAYONS at R. B. GROTZ, Bloomsburg.
The best are the cheapest.

TID-BITS FOR MA' HONEY!
and tender little juicelets for the children, are all right, but papa and "the boys" want a good, big, juicy steak, roast or chop when business or school duties are over, and we can cater to them all. Our stock of prime meats is unexcelled for quality, and we send them home in fine shape.
J. E. KEIFER.

THE MARKETS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKETS.
CORRECTED WEEKLY. RETAIL PRICES.

Butter per lb	$ .20
Eggs per dozen	.14
Lard per lb	.09
Ham per pound	.10
Pork, whole, per pound	.06
Beef, quarter, per pound	.07
Wheat per bushel	80
Oats " "	40
Rye " "	50
Wheat flour per bbl	4.00
Hay per ton	9 to $10
Potatoes per bushel	.70
Turnips " "	.25
Onions " "	.80
Sweet potatoes per peck	.35
Tallow per lb	05
Shoulder " "	09
Side meat " "	08
Vinegar, per qt	.05
Dried apples per lb	05
Dried cherries, pitted	.12
Raspberries	12
Cow Hides per lb	3½
Steer " " "	05
Calf Skin	.80
Sheep pelts	75
Shelled corn per bus	.60
Corn meal, cwt	1.25
Bran, "	1.00
Chop "	1.00
Middlings "	1.00
Chickens per lb new	.11
" " " old	11
Turkeys " "	.12½
Geese " "	.14
Ducks " "	08
COAL.	
No. 6, delivered	2.60
" 4 and 5 "	3.85
" 6 at yard	2.35
" 4 and 5 at yard	3.60

Try the COLUMBIAN a year.

KLING-TAOS OF SIAM.

A STRANGE HALF CIVILIZED PEOPLE IN AN UNTRODDEN REGION.

Some of Them Worship Snakes—Possess Some Agricultural Skill—A Brave and Fearless People—Magicians Possess the Most Influence in the Tribe.

In the course of my explorations in Asia a portion of my route carried me through the wilds of Annam and Northern Siam, a land covered for its greater extent with well nigh impenetrable forests and malarial swamps. Little has been written about this almost unknown country, and yet it is one of the most strange and interesting regions of the earth. Of all the mixed communities of the much-mixed East the country about the headwaters of the Mekong River offers a more varied object lesson in interracial complications than probably any other locality of its size in the world.

Firmly convinced that nothing save a speedy, determined, even impetuous, advance would enable me to succeed where others had repeatedly failed, my journey into this untrodden region was made by following the course of the

Some Warriors of the Tribe.

Mekong River nearly to its source in Southeastern Thibet. My expeditionary force consisted of twenty Bangkok coolies. Leaving Saigon early in the year, by midsummer we had successfully overcome the dangers which menaced us from the fierce Lao tribes and had penetrated to the heart of the Chiao Plain, a region occupied by one of the strangest races in the world, the Kling-Taos, an important branch of the great Lao race of Siam. For several months we remained among this strange people, thoroughly exploring their country.

Character of the Race.

Kling-Taos, although generally recognized as a distinct race, are in reality the issue of an amalgamation of races entirely alien in their general characteristics and differing widely in appearance and language. The level of civilization varies, but seldom reaches even the average standard of Southern Asia. This people are of medium height, of fleshy rather than muscular frame; in color a sooty brown, with high but rather narrow and retreating forehead, thick lips and high cheek bones. A peculiarity is the variance in hair, some having it long and straight, as in the Mongolian races, while among others it is black and frizzly, as in a full-blooded negro.

Most of these tribes are migratory. There are but few settled villages, and these even of the most miserable kind. The houses are one-storied affairs, constructed of wicker and bamboo with a covering of clay and raised on piles to a height of five or six feet from the ground. Among the more savage Kling-Taos it is the practice to build dwellings in trees. This is done to safeguard the dwellers against enemies and evil spirits.

An Improvident People.

All of these tribes show considerable agricultural skill, but in spite of the fertility and natural richness of the country they are singularly improvident, and during an especially trying season they die by hundreds of starvation. When this occurs whole tribes migrate to the south and raid and make war upon the more civilized natives of central and southern Siam. The Kling-Taos, being bold and warlike, are really the "bogies" of Southeastern Asia, and the fierceness characterizing these periodical forays and the dread which they inspire among their more peaceful neighbors have hitherto saved them from retaliatory punishment.

My acquaintance with the Kling-Taos was not confined to meeting marauding parties of warriors or trading bands. I visited and studied these remarkable people in their own country. We camped one day by the side of a tiny rivulet in the country of the Kazyios, one of the proudest tribes of this race, and knowing the savage nature of our surroundings we had built a strong "kao," or stockade, of thorn trees, which afforded us protection from attack. The camp was in an open plain, and on our way thither we had been made aware of the interest we created among the inhabitants by the glimpses of bands of Kling-Taos who were intently watching our movements from little eminences off to the west. Sometimes when we could not see the warriors their presence would be revealed by the glint of the sun on their big, bright spears, or on the "senge" ornaments of the women. "Senge" is the Siamese name for a thick iron wire, which answers the purpose of money among these people.

Anxious to See White Men.

Hardly had we settled in our "kao" when hundreds of warriors, followed by women and children, came streaming into camp. The news of the arrival of a white man's caravan was the signal for a general mustering of the population of the entire surrounding country. They wished to see what we were, to trade with us and to demand tribute for the privilege of passing through their country. Boldness and impudence are not attractive qualities among civilized beings, and in a savage they become intolerable. We soon discovered that these traits predominated, for even the little children were bold, insolent and aggressive. They were afraid to take liberties with the mysterious white-faced leaders of the party, but they seemed to be at great pains to impress our coolies that they considered them no better than animals. Our men for several months past had stalked about among the weak tribes previously encountered in a boastful, bullying manner; but now the case was quite different and otherwise, and it was laughable to see the tables turned on our men so completely and so suddenly.

Treatment of Travelers.

The head-man of the district was a pompous old warrior, who announced his intention of preventing our passage through the country unless we submitted to the exorbitant charges for the privileges which he demanded. We promptly seized upon his person, threatening the most dire punishment should he attempt to put his threat into execution. Then his insolence vanished, and, finding that we were not to be cowed by threats, he became more gracious. The Kling-Taos being brave and fearless themselves, admire these traits in others, and the effect of this summary treatment was to secure for us the freest opportunities for exploring the surrounding country and completing our investigation.

No Settled Government.

There is no settled form of government among the Kling-Taos, and the constitution of society is very simple. Rank is hereditary, but as no respect is shown for birth the chiefs have little power. The religious institutions are likewise simple; there is no general object of worship. There is a vague notion of a universal ruler, who is represented by several malevolent spirits. Mian, the most powerful, inhabits the woods in the form of man-eating animals; Narge, who carries off children, lives in the clouds, and Fenak, who lives in the streams, raises storms. As a protection against these the people construct—having first with much ceremony chosen a tree for the purpose—certain rude images called kwars, each representing a recently dead progenitor, whose spirit is then invoked to occupy the image and protect them against their enemies and give success to their undertakings. The kwars is about a foot high, with head disproportionately large; the male figures are sometimes represented with a spear and shield, the female holding a snake. Omens are observed before starting on any expedition; if they are unfavorable the person threatened retires, another day is chosen and the process repeated.

Magicians and Rainmaker.

The most influential members of the tribe are the magicians and rainmakers, whose business it is to regulate the weather and to whom is intrusted the process of ordeal to discover crime. The desirability of this position is open to question, for, should the unfortunate magician fail to provide what is required of him, he is punished in a horrible manner. A hollow tree is selected, and in it he is imprisoned, his head protruding from a narrow orifice, while the remainder of the opening is sealed up with clay. In this position he remains until he dies or until some fortunate chance assists in his release, which is not often.

Some of the Traders.

The position of woman among the Kling-Taos is very low, and the traveler cannot fail to be struck by the hardness and misery of her lot. Although a woman is looked upon as a valuable commodity, she is treated in the utmost contempt, and her existence is infinitely worse than that of the animals of her lord and master. Polygamy is generally practiced, and in addition the more powerful chiefs maintain concubines. I have known of a man who possessed at one time fourteen wives and nearly twice as many concubines. At death a man's property is transferred to his relatives, but the women of his household are looked upon as common property and may be seized by the first who comes along, and who is able to uphold his claim by combat.

Among nearly all savage races a certain affection is manifested by parents for their offspring. Among the Kling-Taos such a moral quality is unknown.

Knives Made by Pressure.

It is announced that an entirely new method for the manufacture of table cutlery is being introduced into Sheffield, England, and is exciting much interest. A round bar of steel is placed in a machine, and by means of hydraulic pressure a perfect knife is formed—blade, bolster and handle. The "fash" is taken off, and it is subsequently ground and polished by machinery. One such machine is capable, it is stated, of producing 5,000 of these all steel knives per day at a comparatively small cost in labor. The machines are capable of dealing with any kind of cutlery or tools.

WASHINGTON.

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, April 10, 1899.

No more glaring proof of the all-around military incompetency of Algerism has been shown than the fact that of the 366 bodies brought from Cuba and Porto Rico and buried in Arlington Cemetery, yesterday, after an impressive military funeral, 91 were unindentified. What sort of management must there have been when 25 per cent of the men who died or were killed over there were buried without being marked in some way for future identification? It must have been every bit as loose as that which had to do with feeding the living. It was all right and proper that these men should be honored by a military funeral and the closing for half a day of the government buildings in Washington, but this honor will not make the parents and friends of those 91 soldiers, whose graves will be marked "unknown," forgive those in authority who neglected a plain duty in failing to look after their proper identification.

* * *

Things have reached an acute stage in the beef inquiry. The court done several things last week calculated to make the public suspect its fairness, and believe that it had a preference as to the kind of testimony it wished to hear. It started by ignoring a courteous request from Ex-Representative J. Hamilton Lewis that he be allowed to appear as counsel for Dr. Daly, when he gave his testimony, and it aggravated matters by trying to dodge a specific request of Gen. Miles that 131 witnesses, whose names he furnished, should be summoned. This brought out a sharp letter from Gen. Miles, from which the following is an extract: "It is my belief that at least 25,000 men, and undoubtedly a much greater number, would confirm the testimony that has already been given that a portion of the food supplied the army was unwholsome and unsuitable for use." Gen. Miles knows that the people are with him in this case and he has no idea of being bluffed off.

* * *

If all the applications are granted, and they continue being made as rapidly as they have been, a goodly proportion of the men who enlisted for the war with Spain will soon be on the pension roll of the Government. From official figures at the Pension Bureau it is shown that the number of applicants for pension have been comparatively enormous. Out of five regiments, which lead the pension procession, there have already been filed 1735 applications for pension. These regiments and the number of applicants from each follow: Thirty-fourth Michigan, 398; First District of Columbia, 352; Eighth Ohio, sometimes called "the President's own," 349; Thirty-third Michigan, 319, and the Second Massachusetts, 317.

* * *

No law seems broad enough to protect employes of the Government from their superiors who wish to have them "voluntarily" contribute to buy a present for a retiring official. The individual contributions for this sort of thing are small, but the aggregate is large, and at least ninety-nine out of every hundred who contribute would refuse to do so, if they did not know refusal would be followed by a course of petty nagging that would be far more annoying than the loss of the money. The latest "voluntary" contributions were made by the employes of the Internal Revenue Office, to buy a $400 watch and diamond studded chain, which was presented to Mr. Nathan B. Scott, who has resigned the position of Commissioner of Internal Revenue to become Senator from West Virginia.

* * *

Ex-Gov. and Ex-Congressman McCreary, of Kentucky, was in Washington this week. He said of the political outlook in his state: "A spirited contest is going on between the three aspirants for the governorship, but it matters not to which the nomination falls he will be elected by 25,000 to 30,000 votes. We lost the state in '96, but next year Mr. Bryan, or whoever is the standardbearer of the party, will get Kentucky's electoral vote. I presume Mr. Bryan will be the nominee again on pretty much the same platform, altnough there will, no doubt, also be strong declarations against trusts and against imperialism. The Republicans will almost certainly re-nominate McKinley, so we shall have a campaign pretty much on the lines of '96."

* * *

Representative Mayer, of Louisiana, said of the proposition that we should exchange the Philippine Islands for the British West Indies, which originated in the Leeward Islands and which had been much discussed in Washington last week: "As long as we are in the business of buying and selling and trading in sovereignty, I should prefer, other things being equal, to hold possessions near the United States rather than at a distance." Representative Livingston, Georgia, who would prefer that this government should pay somebody to take the Philippines off its hands, rather than keep them, thinks the suggestion is feasible, and that if properly approached England would agree to take them, although Germany would probably make a strong protest against their being transferred to England. Mr. Livingston says that all we need in the Philippines is a coal and naval station, and believes that we shall regret it if we keep more than that. Admiral Schley says that the swap will never be made for the very good reason that England would not agree to it.

How Mrs. Pinkham HELPED MRS. GOODEN.

[LETTER TO MRS. PINKHAM NO. 12,733]

"I am very grateful to you for your kindness and the interest you have taken in me, and truly believe your medicines and advice are worth more to a woman than all the doctors in the world. For years I had female troubles and did nothing for them. Of course I became no better and finally broke down entirely. My troubles began with inflammation and hemorrhages from the kidneys, then inflammation, congestion and falling of the womb and inflammation of ovaries.

"I underwent local treatment every day for some time; then after nearly two months the doctor gave me permission to go back to work. I went back, but in less than a week was compelled to give up and go to bed. On breaking down the second time, I decided to let doctors and their medicine alone and try your remedies. Before the first bottle was gone I felt the effects of it. Three bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and a package of her Sanative Wash did me more good than all the doctors' treatments and medicine.

"The first remark that greets me now is 'How much better you look!' and you may be sure I never hesitate to tell the cause of my health."—MRS. E. J. GOODEN, ACKLEY, IA.

Lazy Liver

"I have been troubled a great deal with a torpid liver, which produces constipation. I found CASCARETS to be all you claim for them and secured such relief the first trial, that I purchased another supply and was completely cured. I shall only be too glad to recommend Cascarets whenever the opportunity is presented." J. A. SMITH.
2920 Susquehanna Ave., Philadelphia, Pa.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets TRADE MARK REGISTERED REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken. Weaken, or Gripe. 10c. 25c. 50c.
CURE CONSTIPATION.
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 330

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

NERVITA PILLS

Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood. Cure Impotency, Night Emissions and wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse, or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50c per box, 6 boxes for $2.50; with a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Send for circular. Address,

NERVITA MEDICAL CO.
Clinton & Jackson Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.
Sold by Moyer Bros., druggists, Bloomsburg, Penna. 4-12-99

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PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper.
Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Place, PHILADA., PA.
Sold by all Local Druggists. 3-30-41d

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good that you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is takan internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by druggists, price 75c a bottle
Hall's Family Pills are the best. 1m

Constipation, Headache, Biliousness, Heartburn, Indigestion, Dizziness,

Indicate that your liver is out of order. The best medicine to rouse the liver and cure all these ills, is found in

Hood's Pills

25 cents. Sold by all medicine dealers.

Dr. Humphreys'

Specifics act directly upon the disease, without exciting disorder in other parts of the system. They Cure the Sick.

NO.	CURES.	PRICES.
1	Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations.	.25
2	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic.	.25
3	Teething, Colic, Crying, Wakefulness	.25
4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults.	.25
7	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis.	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache.	.25
9	Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo.	.25
10	Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach.	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods.	.25
12	Whites, Too Profuse Periods.	.25
13	Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness.	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions.	.25
15	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains.	.25
16	Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague.	.25
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.25
20	Whooping-Cough	.25
27	Kidney Diseases	.25
28	Nervous Debility	1.00
30	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed.	.25
77	Grip, Hay Fever	.25

Dr. Humphreys' Manual of all Diseases at your Druggists or Mailed Free.
Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price. Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York.

Shadow and Light
Blend most softly and play most effectively over a festive scene when thrown by waxen candles.
The light that heightens beauty's charm, that gives the finished touch to the drawing room or dining room, is the mellow glow of
BANQUET WAX CANDLES
Sold in all colors and shades to harmonize with any interior hangings or decorations.
Manufactured by
STANDARD OIL CO.
For sale everywhere.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

In Effect August 1st, 1898.

STATIONS.	EAST.			
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
NORTHUMBERLAND	6 25	1.50	10 00	5 50
Cameron	6 38			6 03
Chulasky	6 3			6 07
Danville	6 50	2 12	10 21	6 13
Catawissa	7 05	2 26	10 32	6 28
Rupert	7 09	2 31	10 36	6 33
Bloomsburg	7 1	2 36	10 41	6 39
Espy	7 23	2 42	10 46	6 45
Lime Ridge	7 30	2 48		6 52
Willow Grove	7 34	2 52	....	6 56
Briarcreek	7 38			7 0
Berwick	7 54	3 01	11 04	7 0
Beach Haven	7 3	3 07	....	7 1
Hick's Ferry	8 01	3 3		7 2
Shickshinny	8 14	3 24	11 30	7 5
Hunlock's	8 7	3 34		7 4
Nanticoke	8 35	3 52	11 45	7 5
Avondale	8 41	3 46		8 0
Plymouth	8 45	3 51	11 52	06
Plymouth Junction		3 55		8 11
Kingston	8 57	4 02	12 10	8 18
Edwardsville	9 0	4 06		8 21
Forty Fort	9 03	4 10		8 24
Wyoming	9 08	4 16	12 08	8 28
West Pittston	9 12	4 21		8 32
Susquehanna Ave.	9	4 24	12 14	8 36
Pittston	9 9	4 29	12 17	8 40
Duryea	9 23	4 34		8 44
Lackawanna	9 26	4 37		8 48
Taylor				8 57
Bellevue	9 38	4 50		9 05
SCRANTON	9 42	4 55	12 35	9 12
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
STATIONS	WEST.			
SCRANTON	6 00	10 05	1 55	5 40
Bellevue	6 5			
Taylor	6 10	10 15	2 13	5 50
Lackawanna	6 13	10 18	2 16	5 53
Duryea	6 22	10 26	2 12	6 02
Pittston	6 28	10 41	2 17	6 06
Susquehanna Ave.	6 31	10 35	2 20	6 10
West Pittston	6	10 39	2 24	6 14
Wyoming	6 41	10 44	2 29	6 19
Forty Fort	6 46			
Edwardsville	6	10 52	2 36	6 30
Kingston	6	10 56	2 42	6 56
Plymouth Junction	7 06		2 47	
Plymouth	7 04	11 06	12	6 43
Avondale	7 09		2 57	6 47
Nanticoke	7 14	11 13	3 02	6 70
Hunlock's	7 20	11 19	3 10	6 58
Shickshinny		11 30	3 24	10
Hick's Ferry		11 43	3 38	7 28
Beach Haven	7 53	11 48	3 42	7 32
Berwick	8 00	11 54	3 49	7 38
Briarcreek	8 06		3 58	
Willow Grove	8 10	12 04	3 59	7 49
Lime Ridge	8 14	12 19	4 04	7 53
Espy	8 21	12 15	4 11	01
Bloomsburg	8 28	12 22	17	07
Rupert		12 27	23	13
Catawissa	8 40	12 32	28	8 18
Danville	8 5	12 47	4 42	8 34
Chulasky			4 9	
Cameron	9	12 57	4 54	8 4
NORTHUMBERLAND	9 0	1	5 8	9 0

Connections at Rupert with Philadelphia & Reading Railroad for Tamanend, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Sunbury, Pottsville, etc. At Northumberland with P. & E. Div. P. & R. for Harrisburg, Lock Haven, Emporium, Warren, Corry and Erie.

W. F. HALSTEAD, Gen. Man., Scranton, Pa.

SOUTH.— ARRIVE.				STATIONS.	—NORTH LEAVE			
a m	a m.	p m	p.m.		a m	p m	p m	
7.10	11.15	6.30	2.15	Bloomsburg	8.34	2 45	6 45	6.10
7.08	11.40	6 28	0	" & N.	8.36	2.42	6.47	
7.03	11.37	6.24	2.08	" Main st.	8.39	2.45	6.50	
6.53	11 27	6.12	1 50	Paper Mill	8 4	2.54	7 4	.37
6.50	11.23	6.09	.45	Light t.	8.52	2.59	.05	50
6.40	11.13	5.59	1.30	Orangeville	9 02	3.10	7.14	7.10
6.29	11.04	5.48	.00	Forks	9.10	3.20	7.24	.35
6.25	11.00	5.44	12.54	Zaner's	9 14	3.24	7.28	7.4
6.18	10.55	5.37	12.45	Stillwater	9.20	3.30	7.35	8.00
6.08	10.45	5.27	2.3	Fenton	9.30	3.40	7.4	8.0
6.04	10 40	5 23	12.10	Edson	9.34	3.44	7.47	8.0
6.02	10 38	5 20	12.0	Cole's Crk.	9.7	3.47	7.5	8 46
5.53	10.32	5.13	11.53	Laubach	9.47	3.57	8.01	9.00
5.43	10.23	5.03	11.45	Centr l.	9. 7	4.07	8.11	9 5
5.40	10.20	5.00	11.30	Ja City	10.00	4.10	8.15	9.35
a m	a m	p m	p m		a m	p m	p m	a m
LEAVE					ARRIVE			

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Time Table in effect Nov. 20, '98

	A. M.	A. M	P. M.	P. M
Scranton (D & H) lv	$ 6 45	$ 9 30	$ 2 18	$ 4 27
Pittston " "	7 08	f10 0	f 2 40	4 52
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M
Wilkesbarre...lv	$ 7 30	$10 15	$ 3 12	$ 6 00
Plym'th Ferry "	f 7 38	10 20	f 3 21	f 6 08
Nanticoke..... "	7 46	10 27	3 30	6 17
Mocanaqua..... "	8 04	10 45	3 50	6 37
Wapwallopen.. "	8 13	10 55	3 58	6 47
Nescopeck ..... ar	8 21	11 10	4 10	7 00
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Pottsville..... lv	$ 6 00	$	$12 35	$
Hazleton ..... "	7 18	11 35	2 00	5 20
Tomhicken..... "	7 26	11 25	2 20	6 1'
Fern Glen..... "	7 34	11 34	2 28	6 1
Rock Glen..... "	7 43	11 40	2 35	6 3
Nescopeck..... ar	8 07	.....	3 00	6 5
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M
Nescopeck..... lv	$ 8 24	$11 10	1 4 20	$ 7 01
Creasy..... "	8 33	Via	4 18	7 08
Espy Ferry..... "	f 8 43	Rock	f 4 28	7 18
E. Bloomsburg "	8 47	Glen	4 30	7 23
		P. M.		
Catawissa..... ar	8 55	12 20	4 36	7 30
Catawissa..... lv	8 55	12 20	4 36	7 30
S. Danville..... "	9 14	12 38	4 55	7 47
Sunbury..... "	9 35	1 00	5 17	8 10
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Sunbury..... lv	$ 9 45	$ 1 10	$ 5 45	1 9 25
Lewisburg.....ar	10 15	1 45	6 18	.....
Milton..... "	10 10	1 39	6 14	9 50
Williamsport. "	11 00	2 30	7 10	10 40
Lock Haven.... "	11 59	3 40	8 07	.....
Renovo ..... "	A. M.	4 40	9 00	.....
Kane..... "	.....	9 05	.....	.....
		P. M.		
Lock Haven...lv	$12 10	$3 45	.....	.....
Bellefonte.....ar	1 05	4 44	.....	.....
Tyrone..... "	2 15	6 10	.....	.....
Philipsburg.... "	4 23	8 26	.....	.....
Clearfield ..... "	5 07	9 09	.....	.....
Pittsburg ..... "	6 55	11 30	.....	.....
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M
Sunbury..... lv	9 50	$ 1 55	$ 5 25	$ 8 31
Harrisburg.....ar	1 30	$ 3 20	6 55	$10 19
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Philadelphia..ar	$ 3 00	$ 3	$ 9 2	$ 4 50
Baltimore..... "	3 11	4 0	1 9 4	6 35
Washington "	4 10	7 5	10 55	7 46
	A. M.	P. M.		
Sunbury lv	$10 05	$ 2 25	.....	.....
	P. M.			
Lewistown Jc ar	12 05	$ 4 23	.....	.....
Pittsburg..... "	$ 6 55	$11 30	.....	.....
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Harrisburg..... lv	$11 45	45 50	$ 7 30	$10 20
	P. M.		A. M.	A. M
Pittsburg.....ar	$ 6 55	$11 30	$ 2 00	$ 5 30

$ Weekdays. Daily. f Flag station

	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.
Pittsburg..... lv	$ 7 05	$ 8 20	$ 2 50	$ 8 09
Harrisburg.....ar	A. M. $ 2 00	A. M. $ 3 40	$ 9	P. M. $ 3 10
		A. M.		A. M.
Pittsburg..... lv	.....	.....	...	† 8 00
				P. M.
Lewistown Jc. "	.....	† 7 30	.....	† 3 05
Sunbury... ar	.....	† 9 18	.....	† 5 00
	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M
Washington....lv	$10 40	.....	† 7 50	10 50
Baltimore..... "	11 55	$ 4 55	† 8 59	12 00
Philadelphia... "	1 20	$ 4 30	† 8 30	12 25
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Harrisburg..... lv	$ 3 35	$ 8 05	†11 40	† 4 00
Sunbury..... ar	$ 5 05	$ 9 40	1 10	† 5 40
	P. M.		A. M.	A. M
Pittsburg..... lv	$12 45	.....	$ 2 50	$ 8 00
Clearfield ..... "	4 09	.....	.....	9 31
Philipsburg.. "	4 56	.....	.....	10 12
Tyrone..... "	7 15	.....	† 8 10	12 30
Bellefonte..... "	8 31	.....	9 32	1 42
Lock Haven... ar	9 30	.....	10 30	2 43
	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Erie..... lv	$ 4 30	.....	... ...	.....
Kane..... "	7 55	... ...	† 6 25	.....
Renovo..... "	11 10	† 6 40	10 30	.....
Lock Haven.... "	11 58	† 7 33	11 35	$ 3 00
	A. M.		P. M.	
Williamsport. "	12 55	$ 8 30	†12 40	4 06
Milton..... "	1 50	9 19	1 27	4 52
Lewisburg..... "	.....	9 05	1 15	4 47
Sunbury..... ar	2 21	9 45	1 55	5 20
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M
Sunbury..... lv	$6 10	$ 9 55	† 2 0	† 5 43
S. Danville..... "	6 33	10 17	2 21	6 07
Catawissa..... "	6 54	10 35	2 37	6 24
E. Bloomsburg"	Via	10 43	2 43	6 32
Espy Ferry..... "	Rock	f10 47	2 47	f 6 36
Creasy ..... "	Glen.	10 56	2 55	6 46
Nescopeck .... ar	8 07	11 10	3 10	6 59
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M
Nescopeck..... lv	.....	f11 10	14 15	† 7 0
Rock Glen..... ar	† 7 36	11 35	4 40	7 31
Fern Glen..... "	7 47	11 43	4 46	7 37
Tomhicken..... "	7 58	11 54	4 55	7 46
		P. M.		
Hazleton ..... "	8 22	12 18	5 15	8 05
Pottsville. "	11 30	2 08	6 25	....
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Nescopeck..... lv	† 8 07	f11 10	† 3 10	† 6 59
Wapwallopen.ar	8 18	11 22	3 19	7 09
Mocanaqua..... "	8 28	11 32	3 30	7 21
Nanticoke .... "	8 48	11 54	3 50	7 42
		P. M.		
Plym'th Ferry "	8 56	12 02	4 00	7 32
Wilkesbarre.... "	9 05	12 10	4 10	8 00
	A. M	P. M	P. M.	P. M
Pittston (D & H) ar	† 9 39	12 49	† 4 52	† 8 36
Scranton " "	10 08	1 18	5 20	9 05

† Weekdays. ‡ Daily. f Flag station.

Pullman Parlor and Sleeping Cars run on through trains between Sunbury, Williamsport and Erie, between Sunbury and Philadelphia and Washington and between Harrisburg, Pittsburg and the west.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, Gen'l. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Philadelphia & Reading Railway

Engines Burn Hard Coal—No Smoke

In effect July 1, 1898.

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays, 11.30 a. m.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.30 a. m., 3.40 p. m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7.30 a. m. 3.40.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.30, 8.38, 11.30 a. m., 2.20, 3.40, 5.00 6.30, p. m

For Rupert weekdays 7.30, 8.38 11.30 a. m., 12.20, 3.40, 5.00, 6.30, p. m.

For Baltimore, Washington and the West via B. & O. R. R., through trains leave Reading Terminal Philadelphia, 3.20, 7.35, 11.26 a. m., 3.46, 7.27, p. m. Sundays 3.20, 7.35 11.26 a. m., 3.46, 7.27, p. m. Additional trains from 24 and Chestnut street station, weekdays, 1.35, 3.41 8.23 p. m. Sundays, 1.3., 8.23 p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG

Leave New York via Philadelphia 8.00 a. m., and via Easton 9.10 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia 10.21 a. m.

Leave Reading 2.15 p. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.30 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.49 p. m.,

Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.00 a. m., 4.30 p. m.

Leave Catawissa weekdays, 7.00, 8.20 9.10 a. m. 3.30 3.40 6.08

Leave Rupert, weekdays, 7.08, 8.38, 9.18 11.4 a. m., 3.38, 4.10 6.30.

ATLANTIC CITY DIVISION.

In effect Oct. 4, 1898.

Leave Philadelphia Chestnut street wharf and South Street wharf for Atlantic City.

WEEK-DAYS—Express, 9.00 a. m., (Saturdays only 1.30) 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 7.15 p. m. Accommodation, 8.00 a. m., 5.30, 6.30 p. m. Sundays—Express, 9.00 10.00 a. m. Accommodation, 8.00 a. m., 4.45 p. m.

Leave Atlantic City, depot, : WEEK-DAYS—Express, 7.35, 8.15, 9.00, 10.45 a. m., 3.30, 5.30 p. m. Accom., 4.25 8. 7 a. m., 4.05 p. m. SUNDAYS—Express, 4.00, 5.30, 8.00 p. m. Accom., 7.15 a. m., 4.15 p. m.

For Cape May, Sea Isle City and Ocean City, Weekdays—9.00 a. m. Sundays—Chestnut street 9.15 a. m., South street, 9.00 a. m. Additional—Weekdays—for Cape May, 4.15 p. m., for Sea Isle City, 5.00 p. m. for Ocean City, 4.15, 5.00 p.m.

Parlor cars on all express trains.

I. A. SWEIGARD, EDSON J. WEEKS, Gen'l Supt. Gen'l Pass. Agt.

GET YOUR JOB PRINTING DONE AT THE COLUMBIAN OFFICE

The Columbian.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

The Columbia Democrat,

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING
Bloomsburg, the County seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.
GEO. E. ELWELL EDITOR.
D. J. TASKER, LOCAL EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

TERMS:—Inside the county $1.00 a year in advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance. Outside the county, $1.25 a year, strictly in advance.

All communications should be addressed to

THE COLUMBIAN,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, APRIL 13, 1899.

POLITICAL CARDS.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
WILLIAM KRICKBAUM,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
J. W. PERRY,
of Sugarloaf Twp.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
W. H. FISHER,
from the South Side.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
JOHN N. GORDON,
of Montour.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
DR. T. C. HARTER,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
W. F. STOHNER,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
A. N. YOST,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
J. C. RUTTER, JR.,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
C. A. SMALL,
of Catawissa.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
JOHN G. HARMAN,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
J. K. SHARPLESS,
of Catawissa.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
W. B. SNYDER,
of Locust Twp.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
JERRY SNYDER,
of Locust Twp.

FOR PROTHONOTARY AND CLERK OF THE COURTS,
WILLIAM H. HENRIE,
of Bloomsburg.

☞ The above announcements are all subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention, to be held Tuesday, June 13th, 1899. Primary election, Saturday, June 10, 3 to 7 p. m.

Admiral Dewey says that he will not accpt the nomination for President under any consideration.

The Senatorial contest is unchanged. It is probable now that the Legislature will adjourn without electing a United States Senator.

Senator Quay's trial is now going on in Philadelphia. It was opened on Monday morning before Judge Biddle. There are seven Republicans and five Democrats on the jury.

This morning's city papers bring the news of a terrible battle between 105 American and British sailors and rebels of the Somoan Island. Four Americans and two British marines were killed. It is not definitely known, but it is probable that the rebels lost fifty men. It is said, that the occurrence was promoted by a German planter, and that the tragedy took place on his ground. A demand has been made for his release, but it has been refused. Complications of a very serious character may yet arise over the matter. The situation is considered extremely critical.

A bill creating a new court for Philadelphia, with three judges has passed the Senate. They already have twelve judges there, most if not all of whom have declared that there is no necessity for this additional court. A large majority of the bar and nearly all of the leading newspapers are opposed to its creation. Notwithstanding this, the Senate has passed the bill. What the House will do remains to be seen. Should it become a law the Governor will have the appointment of the three new judges. It is said that he will appoint two Quay Republicans and one Quay Democrat, so that the new court will be nothing more than a political pull for Quayites. As Governor Stone has declared his intention to veto all bills that unncessarily take money out of the treasury, we do not see how he can approve a measure that the people of Philadelphia do not want, and which will cost the state $15,000 a year, and the city of Philadelphia many more thousands. His action will be a test of his sincerity.

Governor Stone is having a hard time to fill the vacancy on the Supreme Bench caused by the death of Justice Williams. He first offered it to D. A. Watson of Pittsburg, a Democrat, who declined it. Now he has tendered the appointment to Hon. S.P. Wolverton of Sunbury, who has not yet decided what to do. Mr. Wolverton's fitness for the place in every way is unquestioned. He is one of the ablest lawyers in Pennsylvania, and his practice is worth several times over what the salary of a Supreme Court Judge amounts to. Should he accept it, there is no good reason why he ought not to receive the nomination for the same position at the Democratic State Convention, and yet it seems quite certain that any Democrat who accepts an appointment from Gov. Stone will meet with strong opposition in the convention.

The Governor is in a dilemma. If he appoints a Republican to the place, he will offend a large number of other Republicans who want it. And if a democrat accepts the appointment the chances of defeat in the Democratic convention are strongly against the appointee. The best way out of the difficulty is for the Governor to wait until after the Democrats have made their nomination, and then appoint that nominee to the place. There could be no objection to his acceptance then.

STATE NEWS ITEMS.

—Hazleton business men have registered a protest against the removal of the postoffice from its present location.

—The lifeless body of Cyrus M. Bower, of Williamsport, who was struck by a train, was found dangling from the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad bridge, which spans the Loyalsock creek.

—At a meeting of the local board of trade, of Lancaster, a resolution was adopted requesting the members of the Legislature to oppose the passage of the bill now pending which proposes to increase mercantile tax.

—John Wallen has been missing from his home in Royersford since March 27. On that day he started out to look for work, saying he would return on the following day, but his wife has heard nothing from him since.

—Andrew Carnegie, the steel king, has made an offer to the Woman's Club of McKeesport to donate $50,000 to erect a library and music hall in that city, the proviso being that the citizens shall secure the site for the building and maintain it, which, he thinks, would cost about $3,000 a year. A site has already been donated by Biddle B. Coursin for the proposed building.

—After inspecting and deliberating for three weeks on the various sets of plans for the proposed new Court House, at Wilkes-Barre, in consultation with an advisory committee, comprising the members of the Luzerne bar, the County Commissioners on Friday decided to accept the plans submitted by Architect F. J. Osterling, of Pittsburg. The new building will cost half a million dollars.

Largest Switch Plant in the World.

What is described as the largest and most complete switch and signal plant ever constructed is being installed at the new South passenger station at Boston. Twenty-eight tracks in the terminal are to be controlled from this station. Under the old system of levers connecting, through movable roads, with the switches and signals, this station would require a building fully 130 feet long, and 360 levers, with nine men to work them, thus greatly increasing the possibility of error. The system adopted, however, is one in which compressed air plays an important part, and with its use only three men will be required to direct the 5,000 or 6,000 train movements daily, which will be the rule when the yard is in full operation. It is Boston's pride that no other station in the world presents in its track system such facilities for moving, simultaneously or otherwise, so large a number of trains.

This Fellow Evidently Admires the Girls.

A Freeland young man who joined Uncle Sam's fighters two months ago writes home as follows:

"Two months ago" says he, "I left Tampa for this land, which we are trying to liberate. For forty-five days I have never seen a woman. Fellow citizens, if you want to appreciate a woman, get away from her. If you want to know what a grand, glorious and helping companion a woman is, just join the army as I did. See nothing but men from morning till night, eat with men, talk with men, help men, carry men, walk over men, and nothing but men. Live in a perpetual atmosphere of suppressed profanity and tobacco smoke, and at the end of three weeks you would be passionately enamored with the mummy of an Egyptian servant girl and give her an electrical kiss that would turn 3000 years of dried flesh into life."

Quite a Difference.

There is some difference between Democratic and Republican rule in the state of Pennsylvania. It is shown when we look at the condition of the state's finances. Robert E. Pattison retired from the office of Governor in January, 1895. There was then in the state treasury a surplus of between $6,000,000 and $7,000,000. At the present time the surplus is gone and in stead there is a deficit amounting to $5,000,000. Quite a difference between Democratic and Republican methods of administration, judging from financial conditions.

"FIGHTING" GUY HENRY.

How, When and Where He Won His Nickname.

"You can depend on it, 'Fighting Guy' will see to it that the troops under his command have the finest barracks on the island of Porto Rico," remarked Major George C. Crager, late United States special Indian agent, before a number of Philadelphians who were discussing the future welfare of the United States forces in the Antilles.

"That is General Henry's reputation in army circles," continued Major Crager. "Whenever there is any trouble that needs straightening out, 'Fighting Guy' is sent there."

"How did he get the name of 'Fighting Guy?'" asked one of Major Crager's guests, and the major thereupon proceeded to enlighten them.

"In the Sioux campaign General Henry led a battalion of the Third cavalry against Crazy Horse, the Indian chief. In this battle the general was shot in the face. He was carried off the field, and it was thought he would die. He pulled through, however, and in order to regain his health he was sent as commandant to a California post. There he was entirely restored, and since then has been engaged in every Indian outbreak.

"His latest achievement was his coming to the relief of the Seventh cavalry in the ill-fated battle of 'Wounded Knee,' South Dakota, on New Year's day, 1891. General Henry, with his four companies of the Ninth or colored regiment, marched from Fort Robinson, Neb., to Pine Ridge agency, S. D., a distance of 198 miles, in a day and three-quarters. They had little or no rest, and the most peculiar part of the entire journey was that upon the arrival at their destination not one of the general's soldiers had a sore-back horse. The only stop they made was at White Clay Creek, where they dismounted, and coffee and hardtack were issued to them. From there they marched on to the agency without interruption. On their arrival at the agency news was sent out to them by couriers that the Seventh cavalry was hemmed in by the Indian forces, and but for the timely arrival of (at that time) Colonel Henry there would have been a repetition of the Custer massacre. Before that time the Seventh cavalry always entertained a sort of antipathy against the Ninth on account of color prejudice, but there was not a man that day who would not gladly have embraced his dusky rescuers all the way down the line.

"The name of 'Fighting Guy' was fastened upon Colonel Henry when he led the charge against the Sioux in 1876. He was the only commander who dared lead a small band of determined men against an army of well-armed Indians. Upon his return to camp after capturing a band of Sioux under command of Roman Nose, the then leader of the Uncapapa Sioux, General Henry was congratulated, and one of the number of Crow scouts who had been enlisted for this campaign nicknamed him 'Fighting Guy.' Since then the name has stuck to him in army circles, just as the name of 'Fighting Paymaster' adheres to General Thad. H. Stanton, the only paymaster on record that has seen active service."

"Pride Goeth Before a Fall."

Some proud people think they have strong constitutions, and ridicule the idea of disease. Such people neglect their health, let the blood run down, and their stomach, kidneys and liver become deranged.

Don't be foolish about your health. Use Hood's Sarsaparilla and you will prevent the fall and save your pride.

Scrofulous Hip Disease—"My boy Willie had scrofulous hip disease from a baby. Abscesses developed. Months at the hospital, with best treatment, did no good. They said he would never walk again. He was helpless and wasted away to nothing but skin and bone. Hood's Sarsaparilla had helped me, and I gave it to him. Imagine my delight at a wonderful change. Abscesses all healed, crutches thrown away. He is now tall and stout, perfectly well and the thanks are all due to Hood's Sarsaparilla. Other mothers with crippled children should know this." MRS. EMMA V. DUFF, Walpole, Mass.

Nervousness—"I was weak, nervous and very delicate, staggered in attempting to walk. Hood's Sarsaparilla and Hood's Pills made me well. I feel like another person." MRS. LIZZIE SHERBERT, Conduit Street, Ext., Annapolis, Md.

Dyspepsia—"We all use Hood's Sarsaparilla. It cured my brother-in-law and myself of dyspepsia. I owe my life to it." M. H. KIRK, 607 Franklin St., Philadelphia.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Values That Eclipse Them All.

High Grade Goods at Low Prices.

OUR ALL-WOOL SUITS AT **$5.00**

Is a Marvel of Cheapness to all who see them.

-LOTS OF BARGAINS-

AT TOWNSEND'S

Star Clothing House.

Notice.

I hereby notify the public that I purchased, from Frank Sponenberg, all the grain in the ground, on the Sponenburg farm in Briarcreek township. GEO. W. WELLIVER.

The Homeliest Man in Bloomsburg

as well as the handsomest, and others, are invited to call on any druggist and get FREE a trial bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, a remedy that is guaranteed to cure and relieve all Chronic and Acute Coughs, Asthma, Bronchitis and Consumption. Price 25c. and 50c. 3 30 d-4t

PAIN UNNECESSARY IN CHILDBIRTH.

Pain is no longer necessary in childbirth. Its causes, being understood, are easily overcome, the labor being made short, easy and free from danger, morning sickness, swelled limbs, and like evils readily cured. Cut this out; it may save your life, suffer not a day longer, but send us 2 cent stamp and receive in sealed envelope full particulars, testimonials, confidential letter, &c. Address, FRANK THOMAS & Co., Baltimore, Md. 3-2 6 m

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

REPORT OF THE CONDITION
—OF—
THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

AT BLOOMSBURG, IN THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS APRIL 5TH, 1899.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$215,990.33
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	370.92
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	50,000.00
Bonds, securities, &c	184,827.17
Banking-house, furniture and fixtures	32,023.65
Other real estate and mortgages owned	5,467.46
Due from Nat'l Banks (not Reserve Agts).	11,279.70
Due from State Banks and Bankers	944.31
Due from approved reserve agents	81,620.18
Checks and other cash items	1,050.20
Notes of other National Banks	1,540.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels & Cts.	206.89
LAWFUL MONEY RERERVE IN BANK, VIZ:	
Specie $17,885.00	
Legal-tender notes 22,620.00	40,505.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treas., (5 per cent. of circulation)	2,250.00
Total	$628,975.74

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$ 50,000.00
Surplus fund	100,000.00
Undivided profits, less Exps. & taxes paid	16,994.36
National Bank Notes outstanding	44,490.00
Due to other National Banks	45,000.00
Due to State Banks and Bankers	24,721.11
Individual deposits subject to check	119.48
Certified checks	391,096.82
Cashier's checks outstanding	584.13
Total	1,064.84
	$ 628,975.74

State of Pennsylvania, } ss.
County of Columbia. }

I, E. B. Tustin, Cashier of the above-named Bank, do solemnly affirm that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. B. TUSTIN, CASHIER.

Subscribed and affirmed before me this 12th day of April, 1899. G. M. QUICK, Notary Public.

CORRECT—Attest:
E. W. M. LOW,
MYRON I. LOW, } Directors.
C. R. BUCKALEW,

REPORT OF THE CONDITION
—OF THE—
FARMERS' NATIONAL BANK,

AT BLOOMSBURG, IN THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS APRIL 5, 1899.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$167,347.73
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	86
U. S. Bonds, to secure circulation	50,000.00
U. S. Bonds on hand	1,000.00
Bonds, securities, &c	94,518.75
Banking-house, furniture and fixtures	4,000.00
Other real estate and mortgages owned	1,067.48
Due from National Banks (not Res. Agts.)	4,527.73
Due from State Banks and Bankers	662.56
Due from approved reserve agents	29,022.57
Checks and other cash items	1,589.87
Notes of other National Banks	245.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels & cents	289.22
LAWFUL MONEY RESERVE IN BANK, VIZ:	
Specie $10,014.00	
Legal-tender notes 13,674.00	23,708.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treas. (5 per cent. of circulation)	2,250.00
Total	$381,529.77

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$ 50,000.00
Surplus fund	10,000.00
Undivided profits, less exps. and taxes paid	15,474.37
National Bank Notes outstanding	45,000.00
Due to other National Banks	7,028.27
Due to State Banks and Bankers	754.50
Dividends unpaid	573.00
Individual deposits subject to check	252,143.61
Certified checks	118.24
Cashier's Checks outstanding	437.78
Total	$381,529.77

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, } ss.
COUNTY OF COLUMBIA. }

I, A. H. Bloom, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

A. H. BLOOM, CASHIER.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 11th day of April, 1899.

J. C. RUTTER, JR., Notary Public

CORRECT—Attest:
WM. S. MOYER,
C. M. CREVELING, } DIRECTORS.
FRANK IKELER,

Special Prices on Lace

CURTAINS!

We have never shown as large a line of Lace Curtains, and our patterns have never been so tempting. These goods were bought early and below what we would have to pay for them to day. We intend to give our customers the benefit. We will sell during April Lace Curtains at prices that will save you money. This is not a lot of odds and ends, but just fresh goods, bought from one of the best importing houses in New York, and one of the most reliable. So we guarantee every pair. We start these at 29c. a pair—they would be cheap at 50c. The $1.00 a pair ones are worth $1.25. The many different laces, neat effects, at $1.75, you have never seen for less than $2.25. We call special attention to the ones at $2.39, and on up to $6.00, in Nottingham Lace. The Brussels Net Curtains at $5.00, $5.75 and $7.50 a pair. You cannot match them at those prices. We call your attention to the Applique Curtains at $5.00 a pair. Muslin Curtains, for bed rooms, at different prices.

Curtain goods by the yard in Embroidered Muslin, from 10c to 25c., Fish Net, for 16 and 18c. per yard. Neat, Dotted Net, with ruffled edge, Embroidered Net, and Plain Lawn, with ruffled edge, in different widths, for long curtains or Sash Curtains.

The heavy Derby Curtains, for arches, we start at $2.25. These curtains are worth at least $3.00 a pair. The quality at $5.00 and $5.50 a pair, are the prettiest patterns we have ever shown at the price, and the colors are as perfect as you find in silk goods. The heavy corded curtains at $8.00 are the best we have ever shown.

Muslin Underwear.

We put on sale this week a lot of Ladies' Muslin Underwear, fresh from the makers, at prices that you cannot buy the goods for, and will save you the trouble of making. Ladies' Drawers, 19c. a pair, and on up. Ladies' Night Robes, 39c. to $2.50 each. Corset Covers, from 8c. to 75c. Ladies' Skirts, from 28c. to $3.75.

F. P. Pursel

SPECIAL SALE!

Now is the time to get bargains. During the next 30 days we will give you many goods at and below cost. Wool Dress Goods that was 25c, now 15c. Dress Goods, from 50c. to 30. Do not miss these special sales. We have just received new supply of pretty Coats, Capes and Fur Collarettes for ladies. Fur sets for children.

Ladies' Tailor-Made Suits, from $5.00 up.

Ladies' Coats, Capes, Separate Skirts. Coats for misses and children. In this line our stock is large. Prices low.

Ladies' Fur Collarettes, from $2.00 up.

Our sales in Shoes increases daily. Ladies' Fine Shoes, from 79c. up. Gents' Fine Shoes, from 98c. up. Good Calicoes, 3c. Good Muslin, 3½c. Our stock of Underwear is complete. We handle the celebrated Leather brand Stockings for ladies, misses and boys. Corsets, for 24c. up.

Our Grocery Department is improving daily—adding new goods at better prices. Our whole stock is complete and prices always right. It will pay you to see our goods before you buy.

Bloomsburg Store Co., Limited.

Corner Main and Centre. ALFRED McHENRY, Manager.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, APRIL 13, 1899.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa., as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

PURELY PERSONAL

Mrs. Frank Ikeler spent last week in New York City.

John Kenyon spent a few days at Wilkesbarre last week.

Jay Allen has returned to resume his studies at State College.

Rev. D. N. Kirby and family are spending the week in Brooklyn.

Rabbi Adolph Meyer of Danville, was in town a few hours on Tuesday.

Charles Alexander has returned to Sinking Springs after a two weeks vacation

Dr. James Pursel of Easton, has been spending a few days in town with relatives.

H. Domer Geysinger, of Espy, an employee of this office spent several days at Scranton the past week.

Mrs. William Leverett returned to Philadelphia on Friday, after a pleasant visit with relatives in town.

Samuel Crist enjoyed a visit with his parents in town over Sunday. He is engaged at the carpenter trade at Wilkesbarre.

B. W. Drake has moved here from Light Street and is now comfortably settled in his large new home on East Fifth street.

Mrs. H. C. Jones of this town returned home last evening after a two weeks visit with her father and sister at Selinsgrove.

Miss Lulu Cole has been confined to the house for several weeks, by illness. Her many friends hope for her speedy recovery.

Charles Johnson returned home on Saturday from Lancaster where he has been for the past two months taking a course in hand engraving.

Miss Anna Garman and Miss Mary McHale, two popular and vivacious young ladies of Wilkesbarre are the pleasant guests of the former's sister Mrs. George W Enterline.

Window shades from 10c to 75c each at Mercer s Drug & Book Store.

Prices low on wall paper and window shades at Mercer's Drug & Book Store

Don't forget the "Ancient Order of Hercules", in the Town Hall at Espy to-morrow night

Glasco Cameron has employed a first class barber as an assistant. He comes here from Huntingdon, Pa.

A nice lot of Clover and Timothy Seed, just received by the Bloomsburg Store Co., Ltd. Prices reasonable. 3-9

You can help the Band along by purchasing a ticket for the concert to be given in the Opera House Monday night next.

The pleasant weather has made the roads throughout the country, and particularly within the town limits in excellent condition.

The residence of John White on Seventh street is undergoing repairs. A new porch is being added to the house and some other improvements being made.

It is said that chicken thieves are again plying their vocation up the creek. Several henneries have baen visited and a number of valuable chickens stolen.

What a lot of anguish would be saved if some of the mouths in this town had a button on the lower lip and button-hole on the upper one, with a law to compel the owner to keep it buttoned except at meal times. Many a heart ache would be saved.

The Fairy King made by the Luthy Peopie is the best $35.00 wheel made, at Mercer's.

Bicycle Show

—FOR—

BLOOMSBURG,

Wednesday, April 12th

—o—

There will be a cycle show and demonstration of the great

Cleveland Wheel

—AND—

Roller Bearing,

By An Expert,

in the room formerly occupied by the Bloomsburg Banking Co., on the above date. It will be of interest to all, whether you are a wheelman or not.

☞ Ladies especially welcome.

Remember the date, April 12.

W. S. RISHTON,

OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE.

Bicycle sundries of all kinds at Mercer's Drug & Book Store.

The new Town Council at its first meeting Thursday night, made several changes, in the way of appointments. The proceedings of the meeting will be found in another column.

Hon. E. M. Tewksbury, ex-member of the Legislature from this district was stricken at his home in Catawissa on Saturday with a severe stroke of paralysis. He is in a very critical condition.

We have been informed that the telephone connection at Espy has been discontinued. This instantaneous means of communication with our suburban village has been a great convenience.

A respected resident of Mifflinville, in the person of George Durlin, died of old age at his home at that place Tuesday morning. He was seventy nine years of age and was a soldier in the civil war.

Charles Geese carried off the first prize at the Bloomsburg Wheelmen progressive euchre party Monday night. Harry Achenbach second, and the "booby" or consolation prize was awarded H. D. Edgar.

The viewers appointed to locate a bridge over the river at Mifflinville, will meet at that place Monday 17 inst at eleven o'clock in the forenoon. They are George B. Patterson, Hilbert H. Hulme, and Luther Eyer.

The Normal School will open the base ball season on Saturday, April 22. They will have as their first opponents, the strong Wyoming Seminary club. Warren H. Eyer has been chosen umpire for the season.

The Wheelmen of this city defeated the Penn Wheelmen of Danville for the second time at the Club House on Third street last evening, the score was 66 to 54. The prize offered, a handsome mantel clock will remain in Bloomsburg.

There will be a meeting of the Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite in Masonic Hall on Thursday April 20th. A large number of members from out of town will be present, and a banquet will be held at the Exchange Hotel in the evening.

Danville has taken on a new lease of life, everything in the town appears to be on the boom. A raise of fifty cents on every ton of iron from the Mahoning Iron Works is promised on and after May first. We take pleasure in noting this good news.

The new hose carriage for the Good Will Fire Company has arrived. It was taken from the Town Hall to the Company's quarters in the lower end of town Tuesday evening. The boys, about fifty in number made a good showing as they paraded down Main street.

A recruiting office has been established at Pottsville, with Andrew Moses, Second Lieutenant of the Seventh Artillery in charge, for the purpose of enlisting able bodied men between the ages of 18 and 35 for the United States army. The compensation runs from $13 to $34 per month.

Sarah B. Eves, widow of the late Charles W. Eves, crossed the border line last Thursday, after months of severe and continued suffering, at the age of 67. She was the daughter of George and Margaret Masters, and the mother of five children, four of whom survive her. Thus, one by one we are being gathered.- Millville *Tablet.*

The Commissioners on Wednesday awarded the contract to gild the weather vane and paint the dome of the Court House to Harry Smith of Philadelphia for $20. As he climbed to the top of the dome by means of a ladder and rope, he was the cynosure of all eyes. He moved about from one side of the weather vane to the other with perfect ease.

B. F. Savage of Jackson township, was in town on Monday and while here gave this office a pleasant call. He had in his possession, a large chicken hawk, captured in a steel trap on his farm by two young boys, Arden Remley and Harry Long. The bird measured four feet and one inch from tip to tip. It was a handsome specimen, and Mr. Savage said he intended sending it to a taxidermist and have it mounted.

Early cabbage plants for sale at J. Garrison's, 5th street. 4-6 2t

Base balls, bats, mits, gloves, masks, belts, etc., at Mercer's Drug & Book Store.

The concert given at the Opera House on Tuesday evening was a success artistically and financially. Miss Kaiser has a highly cultivated voice and her selections showed it off to good advantage. Dr. Edwards gave some recitations in a pleasing manner. Miss Maude Runyon played the piano accompaniments with her usual skill. A large audience was present, and the applause was evidence of the fact they all were pleased.

Wall paper is selling because it is cheap at Mercer's Drug & Book Store.

Bicyclists opposed to paying fines had better keep off the sidewalks in town. The chief of police has been authorized and instructed to enforce the ordinance in regard to this matter. A great many have been making a practice of using the pavement in order to prevent running through a small mud hole or low place in the road. It is a great inconvenience to be sure to be obliged to get off your wheel and take a few steps, but nevertheless, it is a great deal cheaper, to walk that short distance than it is to ride on and pay a fine.

H. W. Bittenbender has just completed a course of instructions at the Champion College of Embalming in Scranton, and this together with his long and successful experience in undertaking, enables him to announce to the public that he is fully prepared to attend all calls in this line. The writer enjoyed the privilege of attending several sessions with Mr. Bittenbender in Scranton last week, and is quite satisfied that the knowledge attained in that school is very essential in the business of first-class undertaking. D.

Business calling us on Monday to to the upper end of town near Oak Grove, we took occasion to visit the steam flouring mill of Ikeler & Fleckenstine. The mill is not the largest building of the kind in the county, but every inch of its three floors and basement is utilized, and all available space is filled with machinery of the latest kind for the manufacture of flour and other mill products. The storage capacity for grain is 6000 bushels, and the capacity of the mill is 70 barrels of flour a day. The product of this mill has already gained a wide reputation. R. R. Ikeler who has active charge of the mill, has had long experience in the business, and knows how to make flour. County treasurer Geo. S. Fleckenstine is the other partner. Both are gentlemen with whom it is a pleasure to do business, and we are glad to record the fact that their plant is running to its fullest capacity.

Danger Signals!

Do you take cold with every change in the weather? Does your throat feel raw? And do sharp pains dart through your chest?

Don't you know these are danger signals which point to pneumonia, bronchitis, or consumption itself?

If you are ailing and have lost flesh lately, they are certainly danger signals. The question for you to decide is, "Have I the vitality to throw off these diseases?"

Don't wait to try SCOTT'S EMULSION "as a last resort." There is no remedy equal to it for fortifying the system. Prevention is easy.

Scott's Emulsion

prevents consumption and hosts of other diseases which attack the weak and those with poor blood.

SCOTT'S EMULSION is the one standard remedy for inflamed throats and lungs, for colds, bronchitis and consumption. It is a food medicine of remarkable power. A food, because it nourishes the body; and a medicine, because it corrects diseased conditions.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York

Blank books, box paper, memorandums and tablets of all kinds at Mercer's Drug & Book Store.

The Williamsport Base Ball Club has been organized with John Shaffer, well known in Bloomsburg, as captain. The players will be Applegate, Booth, Gair, Kenney, Bevier, Andet and Hutchinson, an old Central League player. The club has not adopted a name yet.

A telephone company, says one of our exchanges, has been organized at Greenwood to put into operation a line to Millville and other places. The officers of the concern are Alfred Heacock, president; E. E. Parks, secretary; and W. A. Bangs treasurer. The line it is expected will be in operation in a short time.

The COLUMBIAN reporter, while taking a walk around town, dropped in to see Con Cronin's new store on Leonard street. The store while not so very large, is a neat model, and everything about the place is up-to-date, neat and inviting. It is stocked with a nice fresh line of groceries, and Mr. Cronin says he is very well pleased with his trade so far.

Monday's issue of the Philadelphia *Inquirer* contained a cut and an extended account of the political career of Hon. John R. Scott, a former Bloomsburg boy. Mr. Scott is the youngest member of the Legislature and is representing the Fourteenth ward of Philadelphia. He is a graduate of the Central High School of that city. He studied law at the University of Pennsylvania, but left before the completion of the full term, and was admitted to practice at the bar six months in advance of the other members of his class, and today is admittedly the leader of the Junior bar of the criminal courts. About 20 years ago he together with two or three other brothers, lived in Bloomsburg with his mother Mrs. Jane Scott, who will be remembered by many of our residents as having conducted a bakery in the Exchange Block.

Stricken in Church.

Mrs. David Kline of Plymouth was taken suddenly ill with heart trouble while attending a lecture at the M. E. church in Kingston Tuesday evening. A physician was summoned and everything was done to revive her, but she continued to grow weaker and in about a half hour after being stricken she expired. Friends took charge of the body until the arrival of undertakers, Ferguson & Fredricks of Plymouth, who took charge of the remains. The sympathy of the entire community will go out to Mr. Kline and his family, who will miss a devoted wife and mother. Mrs. Kline had an amiable disposition and was a consistent worker in the M. E. church of Plymouth. She is survived by her husband and three children, Harry of Dorrenceton and Walter and Mary who reside at home.—Wilkesbarre *Record.*

She was formerly Miss Phoebe Lazarus, a daughter of the late Stephen Lazarus and was born in Benton township this county, where she resided with her father until grown up. She will be remembered by many of our readers.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

WANTED.—At once—200,000 feet dry chestnut boards. Also, beech, birch, soft maple, ash and basswood boards. HAWLEY-SLATE FUR. CO., 4-6-4t. Bloomsburg, Pa.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

Critical Judgment

finds no flaw in our Photographs. Let your friends decide—we know their opinion will be complimentary to our work.

Skill, taste, experience, with the best of modern appliances and equipment—all these we employ to make your picture perfectly satisfactory.

We are showing several new styles of work, in both the platinotype and carbonette finish, that are exclusive with us in Bloomsburg.

BE UP TO DATE.

—o—

—THE—

PHILLIPS ✻ STUDIO,

MAIN STREET.

Opposite Episcopal Rectory. 11-24

Some unknown patriot gets off the following: "I've licked a dozen stamps to-day for telegrams I sent; I licked and stuck one on a bill, with which I paid my rent. I licked a stamp to paste upon a note which I renewed, and then I licked another to make the mortgage good. I've licked these stamps to show that I respect my country's will, and now I'd like to lick the man that introduced the bill."

Legal advertisements on page 7.

Dr. Harpel tells of a novel experience in his practice. Mrs. James Wertman of Cooper street is the mother of twins, a seven pound boy born on Saturday morning, April 8 and an eight pound girl on Sunday evening, April 9—34 hours apart. The novel feature is while being twins, yet their birthdays will come on different days.—Danville *News.*

SPRING BUDS.

This store is aglow with the brightness of new spring goods—as bright as the buds. Many articles are exact copies of nature's own work. We invite you to this showing of spring goods, of dependable kinds, in their several grades. All bought for cash, and will be sold for cash only. Below we mention a few items:

Spring Dress Goods.

In all the newest effects of the season are here for your approval.

38 in. all wool Vigoroux 39c yd

50 in. Black Cheviots, 85c yd. (Usually $1.00 a yd).

40 in. silk and wool "Marcellia," $1.00 yd.

Hosiery.

You will find this department filled with the reliable kinds.

Hercules school hose, 2 pr 25c

Hercules bicycle hose, 19c pr

Ladies' black hose, 25c pair

Ladies' lace hose, 45c pair

Spring Suits.

The Suit department offers you some extra good values while they last. Fly front jacket, flare skirt, both all silk lined, per suit, $15.00

See the $10, $11.50, $18 suits. We have them down to $5.

Linens.

We have never shown you as good a line of Linens of all kinds as we are doing to-day.

60 in. Cream Damask, all linen, 50c yard.

72 in. Bleached Damask, all linen, 85c yard.

18 in. all Linen Toweling, heavy, 7c yard.

19 in. Glass Toweling, 8c yd.

Pretty Petticoats.

The handsomest line of these goods shown. Some you would take for silk—really like silk, but not—prices, from 75c to $4.50.

Silks for Spring.

Fashion dictates pronounce silks the correct article for spring. We have prepared a grand collection for your selection — larger and better than ever the assortments.

Corded and Plaid Silks, 50c yd

Fancy Taffetas, $1 a yd

27 in. Black Satin Duchess, 96c yd

21 in. Shirred Silk, with Satin stripe, $1.65 yd

Untrimmed Millinery.

We now have open the largest line of Flowers we have ever shown, in the newest colors for spring. We sell you good flowers for little money. Roses, violets, poppies, crushed roses, &c. Also hats to trim, trimmed sailors and walking hats. Come and see the display.

Special Silks.

We place on the counters a lot of fancy silks, away below the regular prices. These goods sold from 90c to $1.25 yd. We will sell them while they last at 69c a yard.

Lace Curtains.

The greatest values in these goods we have ever shown. See them, compare them with any. Choice, new work, from $6.50 per pair to 45c. Derby Curtains, in all grades. Curtain materials by the yard.

Shirt Waists.

A full line of Silk and Cotton Waists in new effects. Cotton Waists from 50c up. Silk Waists from $8.00 down.

H. J. CLARK & SON.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

—o—

If Every Lady Could See the Spring Dry Goods Trade as We See it, She Would Make Her Purchases Early.

—o—

Warm weather will come with a "rush," and then soon the assortment of Wash Dress Goods will be reduced. Our advice is to you to buy now. The stock is fresh and lively, and dress makers are plenty.

Our $5 Tailor-Made Suits are well lined. The $7.50 Suits have better material and better linings. The $10 and $12 50 Suits have extra good material and are better all through.

They are in the newest colors.

We talk about our $5.00 worth of ladies' misses' and children's Muslin Underwear, from a 9c. corset cover to a night dress for $4.50. Skirts and drawers are included in the stock.

Spri ng Capes are ready for your look.

We name single dress patterns in all wool for spring, at $3.00 and up. No two alike.

Our black goods make up nice for a skirt. Prices run from 25c to $2.00 a yard.

Made up dress skirts in many colors, from $1.00 to $8.50. The $8.50 every one will know is better than the $1.00 one.

Don't wait until the first warm day or evening for a new shirt waist, for then your choice and size may be sold, and special orders are hard to fill.

Have you seen the new lawns, seersucker ginghams, percales, Madras cloths, &c., just opened, with our line of white dress goods.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

SHOES! SHOES!

SPECIAL

$2 50 LINE.

To meet all the requirements of trade.

Everything used in this line "the best." Quality, Style, Fit.

F. D. DENTLER.

SHAFTER ON THE STAND

He Found the Canned Roast Beef a Good Article of Food.

IN THIS HE IS AN EXCEPTION

Ate It Himself During the Santiago Campaign and Heard No Complaint of It Till He Returned to This Country—Our Troops in Cuba Had Plenty of Good Food.

Washington, April 12.—At yesterday's inquiry of the Army Board Major General William R. Shafter, commander of the Cuban campaign was the principal witness.

The members of the court, in compliment to the witness, arose when he appeared. Gen. Shafter briefly explained the organization of the Cuban expedition.

"Did you have charge of the outfitting and equipment of the expedition?" asked Col. Davis.

"Nothing whatever."

"What determined the amount of supplies?"

"The capacity of the vessels."

Gen. Shafter said that what the expedition had to take in the way of food was on hand and the only question was to get it on the vessels.

"When did you become aware that canned roast beef was to be used?"

"When I was in Washington Gen. Eagan told me he proposed to issue canned roast beef and supply a very good article."

"Was the subject discussed of taking beef on the hoof?"

"I don't think it was ever discussed. It was too absurd to think about."

"Would it have been practicable—looking back at the campaign?"

"I should say not. It would have been hazardous. Had we been home here it would have been much the best thing to have taken."

"What were the meat components of the three days' rations they were ordered to take with them after landing"

"I can't tell you. I think they were to be bacon and canned roast beef. The order did not specify. They could have taken with them all bacon or all beef. Those troops that landed on the 22d had expected their three days' rations before the transportation was landed, but they were near Siboney, where supplies were being landed, and I think they get more supplies."

Gen. Shafter said the orders regarding transportation were that the wagons should take complete rations, not that one wagon should take only sugar, another coffee and another meat, but that they should take complete rations, as nearly as possible.

"What complaints, if any, did you hear about the canned roast beef after the landing and prior to the surrender?"

"None. I never heard any complaint that canned roast beef was unfit for food until I returned from Cuba. Canned roast beef was a new thing. I had never heard of it before, but in Cuba I ate it myself every day. Of course, in that climate it was not entirely appetizing, but there was no complaint that it was unfit for food."

Gen. Shafter explained that the food question was the only important problem. The troops had a proper supply of meat, bread, sugar and coffee. There were one or two days that there was a shortage of sugar and coffee.

Recorder Davis called Gen. Shafter's attention to the inquiry of Secretary Alger, made early in July, based on Richard Harding Davis's charges of suffering. Gen. Shafter replied that there was no suffering among the troops from lack of food. The troops handled their supplies carelessly. Volunteers threw their haversacks away, but the regular troops as a rule piled theirs up and left a man to guard them.

Gen. Shafter explained that he sent to Secretary Alger a telegram replying to the Davis criticisms. As to refrigerated beef he had heard one complaint about its spoling before arrival at the camp of the regiment that made the complaint. He remarked that he had issued orders that refrigerated beef should be unloaded about 2 o'clock in the morning. Gen. Shafter said the refrigerated beef was entirely satisfactory all the time. He had taken particular notice of the refrigerated beef and each day drove by the deck where it was unloaded. He had heard of but one complaint about it, and at no time suspected that it had been chemically treated.

"I attributed the sickness entirely to exposure, the exertions of an active campaign and the climate," replied Gen. Shafter to a question.

"Did you attribute any sickness to an insufficiency of food?"

"I did not."

Gen. Shafter did not recall any conference with Gen. Miles on the question of the food supply prior to the sailing of the expedition.

Major Lee asked: "General, will you state if your expedition was fully supplied with a meat supply that you now regard as sufficient and wholesome?"

"It was," replied Gen. Shafter.

On cross-examination Gen. Shafter said he recalled that some one came to him about July 5 and complained that some regiment was without food, and that the men were paying a dollar apiece for hardtack. This, on investigation, was found to be untrue. As to reports on the rations, Gen. Shafter said:

"I know of a report forwarded by Col. Roosevelt, in which something was said about the food supply. I won't say what the report was, because it just passed through my hands. The emergency was passed, and nothing could be done to rectify it."

Major Lee read extracts from Col. Roosevelt's reports, in which complaint was made of the lack of food.

"If they didn't have rations it was their own fault. If they didn't carry their rations with them they didn't have rations simply through their own carelessness, replied Gen. Shafter.

Major Lee continued to read where Col. Roosevelt remarked that certain articles were purchased to afford the men relief from hardtack and bacon. Gen. Shafter sarcastically responded: "That is a complaint that they did not have enough delicacies. They did not like the bacon and hardtack. I got ired of it, too, but it was the ration provided by law. I had nothing to do with the ration provided by the law."

Gen. Shafter denied Col. Roosevelt's statement that he was on the transport two weeks going to Cuba.

"They were tied at wharf all but seven days of the two weeks. If they were running short of their rations they could have drawn more. The commissary was right across the street. His men were on shore all the time."

Reverting to the canned roast beef the witness remarked that it was not palatable at a temperature of 100 deg.

"General, did you have any information of Col. Roosevelt's report of Sept. 10?"

"I did. It was made after the return to Montauk and too late to do anything."

Gen. Shafter said he did not know positively of any better substitute for fresh beef than the canned roast beef.

Pressed closely as to the adaptability of the ration supplied in Cuba, he remarked: "Our ration was not well adapted to the service there. There is no use talking about it. I had nothing to do with that. Congress in the United States had the making of the army ration. They are the people to talk about it."

He thought less meat and more rice and vegetables would be better for use in the tropics. He did not know that the canned roast beef was a part of the army ration until it was issued for the Cuban campaign. He had not known of its use in the army before. In Cuba he ate it right from the can without its being recooked. It would have been out of the question for the men on the firing line to have made stews out of it with potatoes and onions.

"In view of condemnation of the canned roast beef by about 75 per cent. of the officers in Cuba, what would you say about its further use?"

"As I have said I don't know of anything better. Personally I prefer clear bacon. I want to say that canned roast beef was not unfit for food. That it was unpalatable, uninviting and without taste is perfectly true, but it was not unfit for food."

THE SAMOAN AGREEMENT.

Commissioners Expected to Sail from San Francisco Eight Days Hence.

Washington, April 12.—As a result of conferences at the State Department and at the British Embassy, efforts wil be made to have the Samoan High Commission make a quick trip across the country, reaching San Francisco in time to catch the steamer leaving for Samoa one week from to-morrow. This is regarded as a distinctly favorable turn in the negotiations, and as indicating that the three governments are very near to a complete accord on all points of the commission. It does away also, with the reports that Germany was withholding the appointment of her Commissioner, and makes practically certain that Baron Speck von Sternberg, First Secretary of the German Embassy here, will be the German High Commissioner.

In an authoritative quarter it was stated to-day that reports of a German protest against Admiral Kautz's course in reference to the treatment of the German cruiser Falke were unwarranted. All the negotiations, it is said, in the highest German quarters, are of such a character as to bring the governments more closely together, instead of separating them.

Payment of the $20,000,000.

Washington, April 12.—No definite arrangement has yet been made for paying the $20,000,000 indemnity to Spain, as authorized by the Treaty of Paris. It was said at the Treasury Department that the Government would not deem itself under obligation to deliver the money in any form on the other side of the ocean, but that a warrant for the $20,000,000, probably on the New York Sub-Treasury, would be issued to any person bearing the proper credentials from the Spanish Government showing that he was authorized to receive it on the behalf of Spain.

This is the position taken by Secretary Gage several weeks ago, and he has maintained the same view up to this time. Secretary Gage does not deem it necessary to discuss the question of transporting the specie to Spain or of paying the amount of the indemnity by foreign exchange, for in his opinion the Government is not bound in any way to deliver the money, except at the United States Treasury or at one of its branches most convenient for the Spanish agent who may be delegated to receive it.

The payment of the indemnity was briefly discussed at the meeting of the Cabinet. The President and his advisers concurred in Secretary Gage's view of the matter some time ago. Secretary Hay said to-day that the Ambassador of France, M. Cambon, had been requested to inform the Madrid Government that the $20,000,000 was payable in any form, either at New York or Washington, at any time an agent should be delegated to receive it. No reply has been received from Spain, but it may be that the indemnity will be paid through the agency of the French Embassy.

ORDERS FOR THE RALEIGH.

Washington Tells Her to Reach New York on Saturday.

New York, April 12.—Mayor Van Wyck has received the following dispatch from Capt. Crowninnshield, Chief of the Bureau of Navigation, Washington:

"Raleigh arrived Bermuda 9th. Ordered yesterday to reach New York morning 15th. Will telegraph further information as received."

Edward Lauterbach, a member of the Finance Committee, said that so great was the enthusiasm of the public over the chance to greet the Raleigh that when it is determined just what sum will be required to defray the expenses of the celebration the amount can be obtained inside of ten minutes.

The committee which has in hand the task of arranging a river parade reports that the demonstration which was made over Admiral Schley's returned squadron will be eclipsed. Nearly every available vessel in the harbor will be in the parade, providing it is decided to make this the feature of the reception. Suggestions innumerable as to the entertainment on shore of the officers and crew of the Raleigh have been received. The theatrical managers want the jackies to accept boxes.

At a late hour the Committee on Plan and Scope rejected the proposition to have a land parade, and decided to devote all of its energies to a naval demonstration. It will be decided tomorrow whether there shall be a grand municipal banquet to officers and crew.

MR. CROKER IS SHY NOW

Won't Appear Before the Mazet Committee Voluntarily.

HAS CHANGED HIS MIND

Says He is "Not Chasing Investigating Committees" and Will Testify Only in Response to a Subpoena—Now Calls the Investigation a "Piece of Spite Work."

New York, April 12.—Richard Croker has faced completely about in his attitude toward the Mazet Investigating Committee. From being willing to appear as a witness at any time the committee would intimate that he was wanted, as he announced to the public at the Democratic Club a week ago, Mr. Croker shifted his position so that to-day he declared with a considerable show of ill-temper that he was "not chasing around after investigating committees and certainly would not be a witness until he was regularly subpoenaed." Ever since the Committee was appointed the impression has prevailed that Mr. Croker was perfectly willing to testify, and Dr. O'Sullivan, who represents the city officers at the inquiry, made formal announcement to the Committee yesterday that Mr. Croker stood ready to appear whenever he was wanted, and that it would not be necessary to serve a summons on him. Mr. Croker said to-day that Dr. O'Sullivan had no authority to speak for him and he repeated his declaration that he would go before the investigators only in response to a subpoena.

Mr. Croker announced his change of attitude at the Democratic Club, where he was surrounded by a number of prominent Tammany men.

"What do you think of the Mazet investigation as far as it has gone?" Mr. Croker was asked.

"That's a funny question to ask me," Mr. Croker replied. "What have I got to do with the investigation?"

"Your son has already been called as a witness and you are announced by the committee as the next witness."

"Well," said Mr. Croker, "if they have announced me, they have done so without authority. I have never been subpoenaed. I am not chasing around after investigating committees."

"Dr. O'Sullivan, who represents the city officers at the inquiry, said to the committee that you would be glad to appear whenever the committee wanted you an dthat a subpoena would not be necessary."

"Well," was the reply, "he had no right to say that. I do not intend to go before that committee unless I am regularly subpoenaed according to law."

Mr. Croker was again asked what he thought of the progress the committee was making.

"I think it's a piece of spite work," Mr. Croker replied. "It's nothing but revenge."

"What cause have the members to seek revenge?"

"Because the were disappointed at Albany."

"In what particular measure?"

"In everything. For instance, in the Amsterdam avenue grab and the Astoria Gas bill. The Chairman of the investigating committee was especially interested in the Astoria gas matter. It's all a question of revenge, and I am not going to go before the committee unless I am subpoenaed."

The Democratic Club, usually quiet and deserted in the early morning, was alive yesterday with Tammany men who called early to see Mr. Croker. The Tammany leader came downstairs about 10 o'clock and was immediately surrounded by callers. He was not in his merriest mood, and something seemed to be troubling his mind. When he spoke of the Mazet committee it was not in the jaunty manner in which he had referred to it before, but with a show of bitterness that he has not hitherto exhibited. He showed for the first time that whether or not the results of the investigation amounted to much, he and his colleagues were subjected to much embarrassment.

Frank Moss, counsel to the Investigating Committee, seemed very much astonished when Mr. Croker's statement that he would not appear before the Investigating Committee unless he received a subpoena was repeated to him.

"Did he say that?" Mr. Moss asked quickly. "Of course, I could not assume other than that Dr. O'Sullivan was telling the truth when he announced that Mr. Croker would appear before the committee whenever he was wanted. I assumed that Dr. O'Sullivan spoke by authority."

"Will you subpoena Mr. Croker?" Mr. Moss was asked.

"I will not answer that question. I have not announced a single witness who has been subpoenaed and I do not intend to."

"Will the city Magistrates be put on the stand?"

"I can't say; maybe so, if it is necessary to have them."

"Is it true that Major Asa Bird Gardiner has been subpoenaed?" Mr. Moss was asked.

"I am not going to say who has been subpoenaed. I have no statements to make except those I will make in open committee."

When the Mazet Investigating Committee returns to this city on Thursday night to take up on the following morning the thread of its investigation into Tammany municipal abuses, it will have ready for the public a statement of the committee's views as to the inquiry. Chairman Mazet said before returning to Albany that such a statement would be prepared, and it is presumed that it will give the views of the committee as to the scope and purpose of the investigation. Just at present there are no fixed limits to the investigation, and Mr. Mazet's anouncement that a statement would be issued was taken to mean that the committee would define the scope of its labors, and that hereafter the inquiry would be confined to the fixed limit.

Frank Moss, counsel to the committee, said that he was still as hard at work as ever preparing for the next session of the committee, but he said that there was nothing that he could make public concerning his work just yet. The general belief is that Richard Croker will be on the stand during all of next Friday's session. It may be that he will be the only witness examined this week, as the Saturday session of the committee will be shortened on account of the reception to the cruiser Raleigh, which is expected to arrive here from Manila on that day. Mr. Mazet is a member of the Reception Committee, and in order that he may take part in the enthusiastic welcome to the warship and that his associates and others may be on hand, it is probable that only a morning session of the committee will be held.

Mr. Moss smiled when he read of the sudden spasm of virtue that has seized upon Capt. Price in the Tenderloin precinct. Last night, as a result of fresh orders from the Captain, thirty women were arrested on the streets in the Tenderloin precinct, and the Captain himself personally conducted a raid on an opium joint.

VANDERBILTS IN A FIRE.

The Newly Wedded Couple Routed Out at an Early Hour.

New York, April 12.—The country house of William K. Vanderbilt, known as "Idle Hour," was completely destroyed by fire at an early hour yesterday, at Oakdale, Long Island. Not a portion of the biulding remains standing. William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., and his wife escaped unhurt, as did all the other occupants. Nearly all the paintings and furniture were destroyed, the hour at which the fire occurred preventing the saving of much that was valuable.

The fire was discovered by one of the watchman, who saw flames coming from the cellar at half-past three o'clock in the morning. The watchman aroused the occupants of the house, who soon began to hurry from the building. Mr. and Mrs. Vnaderbilt were among the first to leave the house. They went a few hundred feet away from the blaze and stood quietly watching it while the servants began to remove some of the furniture on the lower floors. One of the servants carried a rocking-chair to Mrs. Vanderbilt, who, after throwing a heavy robe about her shoulders, sat in the rocking-chair and watched the destruction of the house.

Mr. Vanderbilt left his wife as soon as he saw she was in no danger, and gave directions for subduin the fire. He had an alarm turned in speedily, and the volunteer firemen of Sayville and Oakdale were notified. The members of the South Side Country Club were aroused, and they ran to the Vanderbilt house as rapidly as possible and endeavored in every way to extinguish the flames, but without the least success.

When the volunteer firemen of the neighboring villages reached the Vanderbilt grounds, the flames had spread throughout the entire structure, and had communicated to the annex. In two hours the building was in ruins. Mrs. Vanderbilt remained seated in the chair on the lawn until half-past six, when the flames had almost died out. Mr. Vanderbilt, after his fruitless efforts to prevent the destruction of his father's property, returned to his wife, and they went to the house of the lodge-keeper at Westgate.

A Point for Mrs. George.

Canton, O., April 12.—In the trial of Mrs. Annie George for the murder of George D. Saxton, brother-in-law of President McKinley. The State had established beyond any doubt that Mrs. George was within two blocks of the place where Saxton's body was found within ten minutes of the time it is alleged Saxton was murdered. The primary fact established by the State was that of Saxton's death. This was done by means of several physicians. Saxton had four bullet wounds in his body, two of which were fatal wounds.

The State yesterday introduced more witnesses to show that Mrs. George had been in the neighborhood on the night of the murder. Janitor Noble and his wife of the Dannemiller block, where Attorney Sterling's office is, testified that Mrs. George was there "at about 7 o'clock or a little before." This was a point for the defence, as it has declared all along that Mrs. George was at this place, two miles from the scene of the murder at 7 o'clock, while the State declares she did not reach the place until some time after 7 o'clock.

Judge McCarty of the Common Pleas Bench testified that Mrs. George had come to his home about 5.35 o'clock on the evening of the murder and had asked him if she could not go to the Saxton block, despite the injunction issued by Judge McCarty restraining her. He told her she could not do so and she said she would not go.

NANCY GUILFORD GUILTY.

A Plea of Manslaughter Entered After a Mistrial.

Bridgeport, Conn., April 12.—At 2.30 p. m. yesterday Dr. Nancy A. Guilford, who has been on trial on a charge of alleging murder in the second degree, in causing the death of Emma Gill, and whose trial was postponed on account of the illness of Juror Gregory, pleaded guilty to manslaughter. Judge Wheeler declared a recess before imposing sentence.

The sentence of the court was announced at 2.40 p. m. The Guilford woman was fined $1 and sentenced to ten years in prison.

Before the plea was entered the trial had been abandoned and the jury in the case discharged on account of the illness of the juror Gregory. Dr. Banks, the physician under whose charge the sick juror has been since he was ill, told Judge Wheeler that Gregory would not be able to resume his duties for at least four weeks, and it was then decided to abandon the present trial.

Troops Keep Order At Pana,

Pana, Ill., April 12.—The situation here is quiet, and while the soldiers are on guard no further trouble is expected. All the negroes have been disarmed and are under the guard of the militia. No business is doing, although the stores have been reopened.

Adjt.-Gen. Reece and Col. Culver visited the Flatham and Springside districts this morning, but found everything quiet. The City Council met last night, but no action relative to the riot was taken.

Coroner Bradley said this morning that he had received word that more dead bodies would be found on the outskirts of the city.

A New Bridge Falls.

New York, April 12.—A portion of the new Harlem River bridge at 132d street and Willis avenue, fell yesterday, carrying a number of workmen down with it. The bridge is forty feet or more high.

Three men were killed, nine injured and twelve drowned.

Ladies Tell Each Other

of the comfort and security afforded to them by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People Headaches and backaches that come expectedly or unexpectedly are charmed away and the rich, red blood shows itself in the pink cheeks and bright eyes of those who use these pills. They are not a purgative; they give strength instead of taking it away. Wise mothers give them to growing girls.

Mrs. Amanda Robinson, near Howesville, Clay County, Ind., says: "I was afflicted with troubles incident to my sex and in very delicate health. Lost appetite, flesh, and was greatly depressed. After taking various remedies without benefit, I was induced to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. In the summer of 1897 I procured five boxes and began taking the pills as directed. Before consuming the second box I could very perceptibly feel their beneficial effects. Appetite returned, complexion improved, and I had renewed strength. After taking the five boxes I felt better in every way; I was able to do my usual daily work and I stopped taking the pills." —*From the Democrat, Brazil, Ind.*

Look for the full name on the package. At druggists or direct from the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N.Y. 50c. per box. 6 boxes $2.50.

ALEXANDER BROTHERS & CO.

DEALERS IN

Cigars, Tobacco, Candies, Fruits and Nuts

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Henry Maillard's Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.

PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.

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F. F. Adams & Co's Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco

Sole agents for the following brands of Cigars:

Henry Clay, Londres, Normal, Indian Princess, Samson, Silver Ash

Bloomsburg Pa.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF

CARPET, MATTING,

or OIL CLOTH,

YOU WILL FIND A NICE LINE AT

W. H. BROWER'S

2nd Door above Court House.

A large lot of Window Curtains in stock.

When you want to look on the bright side of things, use

SAPOLIO

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, $1. All druggists.

Don't thinks its better to get drunk on drugstore whiskey than it is to get full at a common everyday saloon.

ITCHING, BURNING SKIN DISEASES—Relieved in a day. Eczema, salt rheum barber's itch, and all eruptions of the skin quickly relieved and speedily cured by Dr. Agnew's Ointment. It will give instant comfort in cases of Itching, Bleeding or Blind Piles, and will cure in from three to six nights. 35 cents.—58.

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

Artist—"What would you charge me to pose for an hour as a woodsatyr?" Tramp—"It depends how fer off the wood is; but if you want to sketch me as a stone-wall satter," go ahead fer a nickel!"

STOP THAT HEAD COLD IN 10 MINUTES—or it will develop into chronic catarrh. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder stops cold in the head in 10 minutes, and relieves most acute and deep seated catarrh after one application. Cures quickly and permanenty. "I have used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder with best results. It is a great remedy, and I never cease recommending it."—John E. Dell, Paulding Ohio.—57.

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

Jones—"Dear me! You say you often lay down the law to your wife. How do you go about it?

Bones—"Why, all you need is firmness. I usually go into my study, lock the door and do it over the transom; all you need is firmness—in the door."—*Puck.*

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

Spring is lingering in the lap of winter with a pertinacity that suggests an unholy conspiracy in the interest of the suculent onion.

"MY LIFE DESPAIRED OF."—These are words of Mrs. Wm. Burton, of Dartmore, Ont., after doctor had prescribed and she had taken every known heart remedy. Dr. Agnew's cure tor the hear gave relief in almost shorter time than it takes to tell it—it worked a wonderful cure in a case of long standing and to-day she says: "I am a well woman." Dr. Agnew's cure for the heart has no case recorded against it where it did not give relief inside of 30 minutes.—5¢.

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

The much predicted breaking up that was to occur in the Senatorial contest at Harrisburg this week, hasn't materialized, and though Pennsylvania hasn't been given a Senator, the world still moves.

LET ME SAY I have used Ely's Cream Balm for catarrh and can thoroughly recommend it for what it claims. Very truly, (Rev.) H. W. Hathway, Elizabeth N. J.

I TRIED Ely's Cream Balm and to all appearances am cured of catarrh. The terrible headaches from which I long suffered are gone.—W. J. Hitchcock, late Major of U. S. Vol. and A. A. Gen., Buffalo, N. Y.

A 10c. trial size or the 50c. size of Ely's Cream Balm will be mailed. Kept by druggists. Ely Brothers 56 Warren St., N. Y.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

MEN HIT IN BATTLE.

OBSERVATIONS OF A SOLDIER WHO FOUGHT IN THE CIVIL WAR.

Was in Totten's Battery—Some Wounded and Dying Fell Thick and Fast—Fighting in Hard Luck—Taking His Last Smoke.

"If you want to know how men die in battle, ask some of those who have been at Wilson's Creek, on one side or the other," said Judge David Murphy of the criminal court of St. Louis.

"I was in Totten's Battery, and I saw them, wounded and dying, falling thick and fast around me. You may say that I saw not one man flunk in the face of death on that terrible day of fighting and bloodshed. While I was firing my gun from Bloody Hill a youngster, not more than twenty years old, suddenly jerked his leg. He uttered a sharp, quick cry, then bent down and tore the trousers away from the place on his skin where a Minie ball had struck him. He looked up with a smile, patted the wound with his hand, pulled the torn trousers down and went on shooting. Five minutes later he yelled again, and his hand went up to the fleshy part of his arm. 'Hit again!' he said, sat down behind the battle ranks and examined his arm. The wound was only skin deep, and that seemed to please him hugely, for he tied his handkerchief around it and went again forward into the ranks with his musket.

"'You're fighting in bad luck, to-day, Pete,' said a comrade. The youngster turned his face to answer back, and by the snapping of his eyes it could be seen that his mind framed a saucy, defiant reply. Just then his jaw dropped. A ball ploughed its way through his mouth leaving nothing but a bloody cavity. With a hoarse gurgle the fellow threw his gun on the ground and fled back of the lines. He was found in a hospital afterwards, but never recovered.

"On that same day I encountered three men under a tree. Their faces were ashy gray, showing that they were mortally wounded. I asked them why they were not attended to, and one of them said that it was all over with them; they wanted the surgeons to attend first to those who could be saved. One of the men was smoking a short briarwood pipe.

"What are you doing, my friend?" I asked.

"Taking my last smoke," he answered, his glassy eyes looking steadily at me. Another was reading a letter. He held it up to his face, but I could see that he was not making any headway. His eyes were growing dim, and his weak, trembling hands folded the missive and thrust it into his breast pocket. He was perfectly resigned to his fate and had not a word to say. When I returned in the evening, after a lull, I found the three men dead. Their faces were white and set in the shadow of the tree under which they lay.

"That's all bosh about men raving about home, mother and heaven. All the men I have seen die or near death were quiet and perfectly rational. They made no fuss. Those that did were usually delirious, entirely out of their minds. The faces of those were frequently distorted, and gave every evidence of the mental and physical agony they unconsciously had endured.

"One thing struck me as peculiar. Nearly all the regulars exhibited an instant desire to examine their wounds when they were hit, and the expression of their faces indicated in a moment whether they were slightly or mortally wounded. They seemed to know with unfailing certainty. If the wound was slight and in a place where they could tie it up conveniently, they did so, and then went back to the fighting lines. If it was mortal their grave, pale faces betrayed their knowledge. The volunteers were not so well posted, but they were as brave as lions, and seldom gave up unless seriously hurt."

When a Man Becomes of Age.

The question sometimes arises whether a man is entitled to vote at an election held on the day preceding the twenty-first anniversary of his birth. Blackstone, in his Commentaries, book 1, page 463 says "full age in male or female is twenty-one years, which age is completed on the day preceding the anniversary of a person's birth, who, till that time, is an infant, and so styled in law." The late Chief-Justice Sharswood, in his edition of Blackstone's Commentaries, quotes Christian's note on the above, as follows: "If he is born on the 16th of February, 1608, he is of age to do any legal act on the morning of the 15th of February, 1629, though he may not have lived twenty-one years by nearly forty-eight hours. The reason assigned is, that in law there is no fraction of a day; and if the birth were on the last second of one day, and the act of the first second of the preceding day twenty-one years after, then twenty-one years would be complete; and in the law it is the same whether a thing is done upon one moment of the day or another." The same high authority (Sharswood) adds in a note of his own, "A person is of full age the day before the twenty-first anniversary of his birthday."

Fleas in French Theatres.

All Paris theatres except the new Opera Comique are full of fleas, according to Francisque Garcey, the dramatic critic, who ought to know. He suggests that managers drive sheep into the auditorium before the performances to attract the pests, a method that is said to have some success in Spanish hotels.

SMOKELESS POWDER.

No Advantage in Naval Work—Spaniards Did Not Have It.

"Smokeless powder is to a great extent a matter of the future," explained an ordnance expert. "There is no doubt that it will come some time, but so far there has been no complete success in that line. Nearly all countries are at work on it, and the best chemists are giving it attention. The result so far is three or four combinations of nitric acid and glycerine or nitro-glycerine, but they are not entirely smokeless. Of course, they are all an improvement on the old-fashioned, black or charcoal powder, which got its explosive power from nitrate of potash, as far as strength is concerned, but so is the brown powder, which is nearly smokeless. There has been a powder on the market for over five years which is known as nitro powder. It is known also as smokeless powder, and, as far as sporting uses are concerned, has almost entirely supplanted black powder. It is a much stronger powder, one-half of the quantity doing the work of black powder when done up into cartridges. It costs slightly more, but there is no reason why it should except that it is a novelty. It has received the endorsement of all the best sportsmen, and for all practical purposes is smokeless as much as any powder, but as I said before, it is not entirely so. During the several days when our army was actually engaged in warfare in Cuba there were frequent references in the newspapers to the statement that the Spaniards were better prepared than our army in that they had an actual smokeless powder. This was an error in fact, and no official report has ever been made bearing it out. The Spaniards had only what we had—brown powder—and there is still some smoke discernable when it is exploded. There have been hundreds of formulas prepared and tested, and while nearly all of them are an improvement on the charcoal powder of former times, it is a misnomer as yet to call them smokeless powder. But smokeless powder will be a fact in less than two years, but we will not have any advantage over nations in its use, for they will be as well off in this particular as we will be. There is a difference in the formulas, but the base is the same, nitro-glycerine. Smokeless powder has a particular value for sharpshooters. It allows them an opportunity to do damage to the enemy and reduces the chances of them being discovered. Sharpshooting is only an incident of warfare and a small one in comparison to others though it is well enough to take every advantage that is fair and possible. This fact is what will hasten the coming of smokeless powder. It will be of no advantage for naval purposes, for naval work has to be done in the open.'—Washington Star.

WIT AND HUMOR.

"I likes a modest man," said Uncle Eben, "excep' when he makes his modesty an excuse foh bein' too lazy to try."—Washington Star.

"Fweddy, why don't you let your mustache grow?"

"Why don't I let it? Good heavens, deah boy, I do, but it won't."

"Your husband must enjoy his home."

"He does. Especially at times when I want him to take me to the theatre."—Detroit Free Press.

She—I'm almost baked. I've been shut up in a close, stuffy room for two hours!

He—What was the occasion for that?

She—A meeting of our Fresh-Air society.—Yonkers Statesman.

"That's a fine, solid baby of yours, Middleton," said a friend who was admiring the first baby.

"Do you think he's solid?" asked Middleton, rather disconsolately. "It seems to me as if he was all holler."

Secret Service Secretary—"I want a man who has skill in translating ciphers."

Applicant—"Then I'm your man. For two years now I've put up perscriptions in a drug store."—Detroit Free Press.

"Money makes the mare go, you know," quoted the young man who is too frivolous to be original.

"Yes," answered his father, who was pondering over a check book; "but you don't want to travel so fast to risk a runaway and a smash up."—Washington Star.

Friend (over the wine after dinner)—"Your wife is certainly a brilliantly handsome woman. I should think you would be jealous of her."

Host (confidentially)—"To tell you the truth, Robbins, I am. I never invite anybody here that a sane woman could possibly take the least fancy to."

"Did I see a certain little boy, when I was on my way to church this morning," said the Sunday school teacher, "trying to club down peaches in Deacon Brown's orchard?"

"Not me, teacher," shouted one youngster, in a tone of virtuous protest, "I was up in the tree shakin' 'em off."—Detroit Free Press.

"The man who owns the farm next to mine is the luckiest fellow I ever saw."

"What are you talking about? There is no such thing as luck."

"There isn't, hey? Then will you kindly tell me how it happened that he bored for water and struck oil, while I bored for oil and struck water?"—Detroit Free Press.

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting nervous feet, and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunyons. It is the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it to-day. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmstead, Le Roy, N. Y. 4-13 4 t-d

Jury List—For May Term, 1899.

GRAND JURORS.

MONDAY, MAY 1ST, 1899, AT 10 A. M.

Benton twp.—Miner C. Smith.
Berwick—Bruce Shultz, Charles Hartman, Geo. L. Regan, J. C. Smuthers.
Bloomsburg—Isaiah Deily, Lafayette Creasy, John V. Logan, Charles B. Lutz, Frank E. Tubbs.
Catawissa boro.—W. H. Barwick, Adam Truckenmiller.
Catawissa twp.—Solomon Rider.
Centre—Wilson C. Creasy.
Greenwood—Alfred Freas.
Hemlock—Henry H. Sands.
Jackson—Iram Lewis.
Madison—Charles Carey, Albert J. Girton, Brittain Thomas.
Main—John W. Shuman.
Millville—Joseph L. Cole.
Orange—A. B. Herring, Geo. Appleman.

TRAVERSE JURORS—TUESDAY, MAY 2, 1899 AT 10 A. M.

Berwick—Miner Hartman, Charles Haas, John E. Crawford, Samuel Hess, William Lamey.
Benton twp.—Freas Hartman.
Bloomsburg—Hervey H. Grotz, J. Wesley Eyer, John D. Jones, Thos. Gorey, Daniel Sterner.
Catawissa boro.—J. K. Sharpless, John I. Diemer
Catawissa twp.—James R. Bibby, Charles Drumheller.
Centre—Wm. F. McAllister, Geo. Ruckle, Pierce Hagenbuch.
Cleveland—W. H. Small.
Conyngham—Geo. Weller, Wm. Raudenbush.
Fishingcreek—Robert Mather, A. J. Karns
Greenwood—I. B. Ikeler, Enos Hartman.
Hemlock—Charles Welliver, Hervey McHenry.
Jackson—Jasper Fritz.
Locust—Wm. H. Bittner.
Mifflin—C. J. Yohe.
Orange—John Wolf, A. M. Dewitt.
Pine—Geo. W. Budman.
Roaringcreek—Chas. Kreisher, David Long.
Scott—A B. White.

TRAVERSE JURORS, SECOND WEEK, MONDAY, MAY 8, 1899 AT 10 A. M.

Berwick—Clark D Eaten, N. C. Carey.
Bloomsburg—Jerry Hess, Amos Trivelpiece, John Kelly.
Briarcreek—Henry Bower.
Catawissa boro.—Reuben Shuman, Wm. Berninger, Charles Baker.
Catawissa twp.—Wm. Levan.
Centralia—John M. Reilly, Wm. H. Jones B. J. Curran, Wm. Harris, Sr., Wm. Mensch, Charles Shaum.
Centre—Andrew J. Johnson, Hervey L. Vanderslice.
Cleveland—Charles Stine, Obadiah Yocum
Conyngham—Thos. Kelly.
Fishingcreek—Jacob Wenner.
Franklin—Christian L. Artley.
Greenwood—James T. Lawton, Deemer C. Davis.
Hemlock—John G. Moore.
Locust—Adam Karig.
Madison—Wm Holdren.
Mt. Pleasant—John Shaffer, Frank Dollman, Morris Elder.
Orange—Perry Freas.
Scott—Byron Kashner, Wm. J. Hidlay, Philip Angle, C. C. Ammerman.

SPECIAL COURT, MONDAY, JUNE 5, 1899, 2 P. M.

Benton boro.—Clark Fidler.
Berwick—Henry T. Traugh, Louis J. Townsend, W. H. Martz, Chas. Brader, John I. Jones, Chas. Hippensteel.
Bloomsburg—Charles Terwilliger, Ale Derr, Wm. E. Moyer, John Mourey, Eli Jones.
Briarcreek—Wm. S Ash.
Catawissa boro.—E. B. Guie, D. E. Fegley, Chas. E. Smith.
Catawissa twp.—Wm. Witmer.
Centralia—John Hinckle, M. J. McDonnell.
Centre—John Coleman, Charles Creasy.
Franklin—Frank Kern.
Fishingcreek—Alfred A. Eveland.
Jackson—Charles Coleman.
Madison—Erastus Hendershott.
Main—Clark Beagle,
Mifflin—Rider W. Smith, Daniel A. Hess,
Mt. Pleasant—Geo. Whitenight, Henry Crawford.
Pine—Robert Hileman.
Roaringcreek—Wm. Beaver.
Scott—J. T. Grimes.
Sugarloaf—James Pennington, Edward J. Albertson, Geo. W. Roberts.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fi. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pennsylvania and directed to me, will be sold at the Court House Bloomsburg, Pa. on

SATURDAY, APRIL 29TH, 1899.

at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, the following described real estate:

All that certain piece of real estate and foundry and machine shop property situate in the town of Bloomsburg, Columbia County, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows towit: Northwardly by the lands of the Lackawanna and Bloomsburg Railroad Company, Eastwardly by Iron street of said town, Southwardly by the lands formerly of D. J. Waller now of ——— and Westwardly by lands now occupied by H. V. White & Co., containing about

ONE HUNDRED (100) FEET

along the lands of said Railroad Company and about Ninety-five (95) feet along said Iron street be the same more or less, with the Engine, Boiler, Shafting, Machinery, Tools and Fixtures thereunto belonging.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Josiah Ralston versus Hess Iron Manufacturing Co. L't'd. J. S. Wilson, Tr., and to be sold as the property of the Hess Iron Manufacturing Co. L't'd. J. S. Wilson Tr.

4-6 4t W. W. BLACK, Sheriff.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of William Shultz, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County, to pass upon exceptions and to make distribution of the balance in hands of the Administrators of William Shultz deceased, late of Madison township; will sit at his office in the town of Bloomsburg, Pa. on Tuesday April 25th, 1899 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to perform the duties of his appointment, when and where all persons interested will presnt and prove their claims, or be forever disbarred from coming in for a share of said fund.

4-6 3t. A. W. DUY, Auditor.

An Austrian chemist, who has been making researches into the subject, declares that out of the 4110 varieties of flowers known and cultivated in Europe scarcely four hundred have any odor, and of these nearly fifty have an odor which is if anything disagreeable.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all legatees, creditors and other persons interested in the estates of the respective decedents and minors, that the following administrators' executors', guardians' accounts, have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia County, and will be presented for confirmation and allowance in the Orphans' Court, to be held in Bloomsburg, on Monday, May 1st, 1899, at 2 o'clock p. m., of said day:

No. 1. First and final account of Asher J. Girton, administrator of Susan Heller, late of Madison township, deceased.

No. 2 First and partial account of George W. Jacoby and Jacob Oman, executors of Jacob Gilbert, late of Mt. Pleasant township, deceased.

No. 3. First and final account of George W. Reifsnyder, administrator of James Jones, late of Catawissa borough, deceased.

No. 4. First and final account of Rebecca and H. M. Yocum, executors of Peter Yocum, late of Locust township, deceased.

No. 5. First and final account of Daniel McHenry, guardian of Oliver S. McHenry.

No. 6. First and final account of George H. Vastine, executor of Samuel Fisher, late of Montour township, deceased.

No. 7. First and partial account of George J. Owen, executor of Hudson Owen, late of Berwick, deceased.

No. 8. The second and final account of E. D. Hagenbuch and Permelia E Hulshizer Admr's. of J. M. Hulshizer late of Scott township. deceased.

No. 9. First and final account of Wm S. Moyer Executor of Peter A. Evans late of Bloomsburg, deceased.

No. 10. The account of Lloyd Bomboy Executor of Reuben Bomboy late of Hemlock township, deceased. and Trustee for the sale of Real Estate of Isabella Bomboy late of Hemlock township, deceased,

No. 11. First and final account of Joseph C. Eves Administrator of Ezra Vandine late of Millville Borough, deceased.

No. 12. First account of C. B. Jackson Trustee for H. F. Brittain.

No. 13. First and final account of C. E. Yorks Executor of John Wesley Kile late of Sugarloaf township, deceased.

No. 14. First and final account of W. H. and John H. Sitler Administrators c. t. a. d. b n. of Levi Sitler late of Briarcreek township, deceased.

No. 15. First and final account of Eli J. Ohl, executor of Isaac G. Pursel, late of Hemlock township, deceased.

No 16. First and final account of Oscar and D. Jasper Lewis, administrators of David Lewis, late of Sugarloaf township, deceased.

No. 17. First and final account of Wm. B. Snyder, administrator of John Rupp, late of the Townsnip of Locust, deceased.

No. 18. First and final account of M. T. McHenry, executor of Elias McHenry, late of Benton, deceased.

No. 19. The account of Charles W. Hassert, Administrator of Sarah M. Leidy late of Bloomsburg, deceased.

No. 20. The first and final account of C. B. and Agnes McHenry, Admr's, of George L. McHenry late of Benton Borough, deceased.

No. 21. First and partial account of J. F. and A. J. Derr, Admr. of Iram Derr, late of Jackson township, deceased.

C. B. ENT, Register.

Register's office, Bloomsburg, Pa., Apr. 1, 1899.

WIDOW'S APPRAISEMENTS.

The following Widow's Appraisements will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Columbia County on the first Monday of May A. D. 1899 and confirmed nisi, and unless exceptions are filed within four days thereafter, will be confirmed absolute

Estate of Charles Herring late of Beaver twp. Personalty $44.25. Realty $43.00

Estate of Levi Beishline late of Fishingcreek twp Personalty $17.50. Realty $282.50.

Estate of Clem G. Beishline, late of Berwick Boro. Personalty $225.00.

Estate of N. W. Barton late of the town of Bloomsburg. Personalty $50.00. Realty $50.00.

Estate of Jos. B. Knittle late of Catawissa Boro. Personalty $150.00.

Estate of Wm. D. Johnson late of Pine twp. Personalty $300.00.

Estate of Wm. R. Demott late of Millville Boro. Personalty $300.00.

Estate of John Barber late of Fishingcreek twp. Personalty $100.00. Realty $200.00.

Estate of Aaron Boone late of Scott twp. Personalty $300.00.

Estate of Lawson Hughes late of Roaringcreek twp. Personalty $200.95.

Estate of Lorenzo D. Stackhouse late of Greenwood twp. Personalty $104.00.

Estate of Jos. Faust late of Berwick Boro. Personalty $159 05.

Estate of Alvin Vandermark late of Briarcreek twp. Personalty $81.91. Realty $218.10.

Estate of Archibald M. Fowler late of Briarcreek twp. Personalty —— Realty $300.00.

Estate of Christopher Kisbaugh late of Berwick Boro. Personalty $81.50. Realty $218.50.

W. H. HENRY, Proth.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, State of Pennsylvania, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, County and State aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, APRIL 22ND, 1899.

at 2 o'clock p. m., all that certain piece and parcel of land situate in the town of Bloomsburg, county of Columbia, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and bounded and described as follows towit: Beginning at the intersection of the east line of Strawberry alley with the north line of Seventh street, running thence north 66 degrees east sixty three (63) feet more or less to lot of Mrs. Florence Donohue, thence north 37 degrees east eighteen and one-half (18½) feet to lot of C. W. Hassert, thence north 36¾ degrees west fifty (50) feet to lot of Dr. Gardner, thence south 43 degrees west eighty five and one half (85½) feet to Strawberry alley, and thence south 48¾ degrees east twenty four (24) feet to the place of beginning, whereon is erected a large double

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE.

Seized and taken in execution at the suit of Cosmopolitan Building & Loan Association vs. Fred J. Richards, John L. Richardson and Frank N. Turner and to be sold as the property of Fred J. Richards, John L. Richardson and Frank N. Turner,

W. W. BLACK, Sheriff

HARMAN, Atty. 3-30 4t

School Directors' Convention.

To the School Directors of Columbia County:

Gentlemen:—In pursuance of the forty-third section of the Act of May 8th, 1854, you are hereby notified to meet in convention, at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, Pa., on the first Tuesday in May, A. D. 1899, at 1.30 p. m., being the second day of the month, and select, viva voce, by a majority of the whole number of directors present, one person of literary and scientific acquirements, and of skill and experience in the art of teaching, as county superintendent, for three succeeding years; and certify the result to the State Superintendent, at Harrisburg, as required by the thirty-ninth and fortieth sections of said Act.

JOHN K. MILLER,

County Superintendent of Columbia County

March 30, 1899. 3t

BLOOMSBURG ELECTRIC LIGHT & POWER CO.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., March 30, 1899.

A special meeting of the stockholders of the Bloomsburg Electric Light and Power Company will be held at the office of Mr. E. D. Mullen, President, No. 509 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa., on the 5th day of June, 1899, between the hours of 3 p. m. and 5 p. m., for the purpose of ratifying the action of the President and Secretary in executing a certain bond and mortgage, bearing date the first day of January, A. D. 1896, recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds, in and for the County of Columbia, in Mortgage Book No. 29, at page No. 7; and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

10t H. M. FRANCIS, Secretary.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of C. H. Harpster, late of Mifflin Township, deceased.

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, Pa. to make distribution of funds in hands of administrator, will sit, to perform the duties of his appointment, at the office of James L. Evans, Esq., in the borough of Berwick, Pa., on Tuesday April 18, 1899 at 9 o'clock a. m. when and where all parties interested must appear, or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

3-30 3t FRANK IKELER, Auditor.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF HENRY KLEIM, DECEASED, LATE OF BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Henry Kleim, late of Bloomsburg, Penna., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned executor, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

C. A. KLEIM,
3-16-6t EXECUTOR.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF DOROTHY KEELER, LATE OF BENTON, DECEASED.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Dorothy Keeler, late of Benton, Columbia County, Pa., deceased, have been granted to C. P. Yocum, resident of said town, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay. C. P. YOCUM, Exr.,

FRITZ, Atty. 3-23-6t* Benton, Pa

It rests with you whether you continue the nerve-killing tobacco habit. NO-TO-BAC removes the desire for tobacco, without nervous distress, expels nicotine, purifies the blood, restores lost manhood, makes you strong in health, nerve and pocket book. 1,500,000 boxes sold. 400,000 cases cured. Buy NO-TO-BAC from your own druggist, who will vouch for us. Take it with a will, patiently, persistently. One box, $1, usually cures; 3 boxes, $2.50, guaranteed to cure, or we refund money. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago, Montreal, New York.

STOP SMOKING!

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

N. U. FUNK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Mrs. Ent's Building, Court House Alley,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A. L. FRITZ,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Post Office Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Wirt's Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

JOHN G. FREEZE. JOHN G. HARMAN
FREEZE & HARMAN,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Offices: Centre St., first door below Opera House

GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Columbian Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

WM. H MAGILL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Lockard's building,
Corner Main and Centre Sts.

A. N. YOST,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Wirt Building, Court House Square.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

H. A. McKILLIP.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Columbian Building, 2nd Floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

RALPH R. JOHN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Hartman Building, Market Square,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

IKELER & IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office back of Farmers' National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

R. RUSH ZARR,
—ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.—
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Clark's Block, corner of 2nd and Centre Streets. 1-12-'94

W. A. EVERT,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
(Office over Alexander & Co. Wirt building.

G. M. QUICK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office over First National Bank.

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND SOLICITOR OF THE PEACE,
Meyer Bros. Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Office in Lockard's Building.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets,
CATAWISSA, PA.

EDWARD J. FLYNN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CENTRALIA, PA.
Office Liddicot building, Locust avenue

J. HOWARD PATTERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Rooms 4 and 5. Peacock bldg
Telephone 1463. BLOOMSBURG, PA

J. S. JOHN, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office and residence, 410 Main St.,
3-70-1 BLOOMSBURG, PA.

HENRY W. CHAMPLIN, M. D. SURGEON.
GENERAL SURGERY, SURGERY OF THE EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.
Over Farmer's National Bank, Bloomsburg, Pa. 11-10-93

SPECIAL ATTENTION TO DISEASES OF CHILDREN
H. BIERMAN, M. D.
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
OFFICE HOURS: Office & Residence, 4th St.,
Until 9 A. M.,
1 to 2 and 7 to 8 P. M. BLOOMSBURG, PA

DR. ANDREW GRAYDON,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
—BLOOMSBURG, PA.—
Office and residence—N. E. Cor. Fourth and Jefferson streets.
TELEPHONE.

DR. F. W. REDEKER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office and residence—East street, between Third and Fourth.
Diseases of the ear, nose and throat a specialty
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
OFFICE HOURS: 8 to 10 a. m. 1 to 3 p. m. 7 to 9 p. m.

J. J. BROWN, M. D.,
Market Street. BLOOMSBURG, Pa.
THE EYE A SPECIALTY.
Eyes treated, tested, fitted with glasses and Artificial Eyes supplied.
Hours 10 to 4. Telephone Connection

DR. M. J. HESS,
DENTISTRY IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,
Crown and bridge work
—A—
SPECIALTY,
Corner Main and Centre Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

DR. W. H. HOUSE,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office, Barton's Building, Main below Market
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
All styles of work done in a superior manner and all work warranted as represented.
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN,
by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
To be open all hours during the day.

DR. C. S. VAN HORN,
—DENTIST.—
Office corner of East and Main streets, opposite Town Hall.
Office hours 8:30 to 12 a. m; 2 to 5 p. m.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. WATSON McKELVY,
FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.
(Successor to B. F. Hartman
Represents twelve of the strongest Companies in the world, among which are:

	CASH CAPITAL.	TOTAL ASSETS.	SURPLUS OVER ALL.
Franklin of Phila..	$400,000	$3,198,529	$1,000,580
Penn'a. Phila.....	400,000	5,825,160	1,419,5
Queen, of N. Y....	500,000	3,538,915	1,021.6
Westchester, N. Y.	300,000	1,753,307	428.7
N. America, Phila.	3,000,000	9,730,689	2,304,72

Office—First Nat'l Bank Bldg., 2d floor.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

M. P. LUTZ & SON,
(SUCCESSORS TO FREAS BROWN)
INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENTS AND BROKERS.
N. W. Corner Main and Centre. Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Represent Seventeen as good Companies as there are in the World and all losses promptly adjusted and paid at their Office.

CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP,
FIRE INSURANCE,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Home, of N. Y.; Merchants of Newark, N. J.; Clinton, N. Y.; Peoples', N. Y.; Reading, Pa; German American Ins. Co., New York; Greenwich Insurance Co., New York; Jersey City Fire Ins. Co., Jersey City, N. J.
These old corporations are well seasoned by age and fire tested, and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in solid securities, and liable to the hazard of fire only.
Losses promptly and honestly adjusted and paid as soon as determined, by Christian F. Knapp, Special Agent and Adjuster, Bloomsburg, Pa.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses, if any, are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.

CITY HOTEL,
W. A. Hartzel, Prop.
No. 121 West Main Street,
Large and convenient sample rooms, bar rooms, hot and cold water, and modern conveniences. Bar stocked with best wine and liquors. First-class livery attached.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
G. SNYDER, Proprietor,
(Opposite the Court House)
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Large and convenient sample rooms. Bath rooms hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences

Queen ⁜ Quality

SHOES

For Women.

-$3.00.-

Style, Fit, Wear.
None Better.

W. C. McKINNEY,
No. 8 East Main St.

THE COLUMBIAN.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. S. Williams & Son,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
Public Sale Criers and General Auctioneers.
☞ Fifteen years experience. Satisfaction guaranteed. Best returns of any sale criers in this section of the State. Write for terms and dates. We never disappoint our patrons. 1-5

Bicycles, seven different kinds to select from at Mercer's Drug & Book Store.

It looks as though spring has come to stay this time. The ground hog theory was a sure thing this season.

If you think of buying a chainless bike do not fail to stop at Mercer's and try the Orient.

Wheels promptly repaired and cleaned at The Bloomsburg Cycle Works rear of Moore's Store, Iron street.

We want you to try our wheels before you buy, it will cost you nothing to try them at Mercer's.

Jim Corbett says he has retired from the ring. A good thing. The announcement that he has retired to some other country, would be better still.

If you want to buy wall paper or window curtains at right prices go Mercer's Drug & Book Store.

In the Philippines, it is said that two weeks work in the spring and a like exertion in gathering crops in the fall of the year will keep the average family twelve months. What a paradise this would prove for the corner loafers, so numerous in this immediate vicinity.

Shamokin borough council has taken in hand the matter of celebrating Dewey Day on May 1st and towards this end are extending invitations to societies and bands to participate in a parade. A tree will be planted alongside the City Hall and named the Dewey Tree. Appropriate exercises will go with it.

THE MYSTERY REVEALED.

A complete expose of the mysterious rites and ceremonies of the "Ancient Order of Hercules," including the grips, signs, and secrets of the Lodge, and the ceremonies of initiation, will be given in the Espy Town Hall two nights, Friday and Saturday of this week. The Lodge being in unfortunate circumstances have decided to close their doors, and to expose, forbidden or not, their long hidden mysteries. Admission, 15c.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

Grain-O Brings Relief

to the coffee drinker. Coffee drinking is a habit that is universally indulged in and almost universally injurious. Have you tried Grain-O? It is almost like coffee but the effects are just the opposite. Coffee upsets the stomach, ruins the digestion, effects the heart and disturbs the whole nervous system. Grain-O tones up the stomach, aids digestion and strengthens the nerves. 15 and 25c. a package. 3-30-4t-d

The following letters are held at the Bloomsburg, Pa., postoffice, and will be sent to the dead letter office April 25, 1899:

Mr. F. Frick, J. Boyd Phillips, Mr. D. K. Miller, Mr. John Rice, Mr. James Zimmerman.

Persons calling for the above letters will please say that they were advertised April 13, 1899.

O. B. MELLICK, P M.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York

NOTES FROM ESPY.

"Ye Deestrect Screwl," as presented by members of the Lutheran Church, of Bloomsburg, was the occasion of a packed house, at the hall on Saturday night. The performance was first-class, and was highly appreciated by all present. The proceeds were given to the Lutheran Church, of this place, and the members of the same feel very grateful to their Bloomsburg friends for the substantial aid proffered.

F. S. Nagle and wife, of Nanticoke, are visiting the latter's parents.

Ralph Aul visited his mother in Scranton last week. While there he paid his respects to friends in Hyde Park.

Indications are that the "Ancient Order of Hercules" will be greeted by a packed house this Friday evening at the hall.

Glant's Comedy Co. held the boards at the Town Hall on Friday night last. The attendance was light, as was also the performance.

James Custer, lately of Berwick, visited relatives in town last week.

BENTON NEWS.

We have been enjoying spring weather here for the past week, and all gave it a hearty welcome.

J. F. Wright has opened a bicyle store in the rooms opposite the Exchange Hotel, and is displaying some very fine wheels.

Gus Merton has taken possession of the black smith shop in the Crossley building, formerly operated by Art Kline, and is doing a rushing business. Gus is a first class workman and is sure to meet with success.

Jacob Baker, coal operator of Mt. Grove, Luz. Co., spent last Friday at this place among friends and relatives.

The Crystal Laundry operated by McHenry and Kyle in the Post Office building, will be ready for business next week. Give them a trial.

The Misses Lula Kern and Nettie Hirleman of Unityville, circulated among friends at this place on Saturday.

Mrs. Ira R. McHenry who was visiting her daughter Mrs. Miller of Danville, returned home the later part of last week.

Lee Kestler is now filling a responsible position in the store of Pennington and Seeley.

Dr. Wagner of Stillwater, made a business trip to this place Saturday afternoon.

C. A. Small of Catawissa, came up Saturday and installed the officers in the Odd Fellows Lodge, and did some political business, as well. He has a large number of friends in this place, who will remember him in the coming election.

There is some talk of erecting a band stand in the yard of the Exchange Hotel, which will be a great credit to the town as well as to the members of the band. Then we can expect a musical treat every Saturday evening.

Mordansville and Vicinity.

John Lorrow of Light Street spent Sunday with his parents.

Mr. Thomas F. Lorrow spent a few days last week at Berwick.

Mrs. M. J. Elder has started carpet weaving and is sending out some very fine carpet,

J. L. Harpe and family spent Sunday with Oliver Hoss and family near Lime Ridge.

Mrs. Harvey Smith spent a few days with her daughter, Mrs. G. M. Ikeler last week.

David Beagle shot a crane Saturday morning which measured six feet across the wings.

Mrs. Mary Ikeler who has been confined to the house for some time with a cold is able to be out again.

Mr. H. H. Sands moved to Unityville last Tuesday to take charge of the Unityville Hotel, and we are sorry to lose our old neighbors, but what is Mordansville's loss is Unityville's gain.

SUBSCRIBE FOR
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SENATOR QUAY'S TRIAL

Receiver Barlow and Judge Gordon Testify for the State.

FAMOUS LETTERS SET UP

Attempt of the Defense to Show That the Various Documents Were Used by Outsiders to Concoct a Conspiracy Against the Accused.

Philadelphia, April 12.—When the Quay trial opened yesterday Thomas W. Barlow, the receiver of the People's Bank, was cross-examined by Mr. Shapley, of counsel for the defendant.

His questions apparently indicated a purpose to prove that the charges against Mr. Quay were the result of a conspiracy. The witness was told to tell all the circumstances of his removal of certain papers from the private desk of Cashier Hopkins. Among these books is the one known as "the red book," which the prosecution alleges shows that Hopkins computed interest on State funds which he deposited to Mr. Quay's credit. The papers also included the Quay letters.

Mr. Barlow said: "On March 29 a person in Harrisburg whom I did not then, and do not now know, spoke to me in this city over the long distance telephone. He said: 'I want to say to you an attempt will be made tonight to take certain documents out of Hopkins's desk, so they had better be taken by you.' As a result of this I went to the bank, accompanied by a policeman, broke open the desk and took them out."

The witness said he notified Judge Gordon, then one of the Common Pleas judges, of his intention, the latter being confidential adviser to President McManes, of the bank. For about three hours that night he left the documents with Judge Gordon. Mr. Barlow explained that Mr. McManes had agreed to pay the debts of the bank, and as Judge Gordon was his friend, he considered it perfectly proper that the judge should know of the contents of the papers.

Denials of Witness.

Mr. Barlow denied knowledge of the photographing of the Quay letters for the use of his political opponents. He said he did not know that they had been taken to a hotel by Judge Gordon and shown to David Martin, or that Judge Gordon and John Wanamaker had taken them to New York and shown them to the Democratic National Committeeman James M. Guffey, in an effort to make Judge Gordon the Democratic candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania last year, or that before he received the anonymous telephone message from Harrisburg Judge Gordon had opened the private desk and examined the papers. He thought, however, that State Banking Commissioner Gilkleson, of Harrisburg, had seen them prior to their coming into his (Barlow's) possession.

He stated that early in September last he showed them to Attorney-General McCormick in Harrisburg. Mr. Shapley asked if the Attorney-General had not told him that there was nothing in them on which to base a civil or criminal action. The question was objected to, and the objection was sustained.

Witness denied that any money or securities had been in the possession of Judge Gordon or that Judge Gordon was present when he broke open the cashier's desk.

Mr. Shapley put a long line of questions, the obvious design being to sustain the contention of the defence that the memorandum books were not bank property, and therefore not admissible as evidence in this case.

On redirect examination Mr. Barlow said that his recollection was that Banking Commissioner Gilkenson had possession of Hopkins's keys and had unlocked the private desk and examined its contents two or three days before he was appointed temporary receiver. The papers in the desk were in a very confused condition.

The "red book" was handed to Mr. Barlow and he declared emphatically that it is now in the same condition as when he first received it.

Mr. Shapley tried to make the witness say that there was among the papers an envelope with a Harrisburg postmark, addressed to President McManes, which fits the letter from Treasurer Haywood to the bank saying that if a loan of $100,000 is made to Senator Quay's son he will keep the State balance of $600,000 until the payment of the loan. The prosecution claims that though the letter was addressed to President McManes it was sent direct to Cashier Hopkins as had been the custom.

Judge Gordon Testifies.

Judge Gordon was the next witness. He identified the papers and books, and said they were undoubtedly in the same condition now as when he received them.

Mr. Shields, conducting the cross-examination, asked:

"Who was the first person you showed the papers to?"

"The man who advised me of their existence, David Martin."

"Who was the next person?"

"John Wanamaker."

"Were they in his custody?"

"No; he never had them."

"Who else saw them?"

"Mr. Orr, of Harrisburg, and Mr. Harris, a personal friend in my office. They had them in their possession for the purpose of photograghing them."

Mr. Gordon denied that he had placed the papers in the hands of District Attorney Graham or that he took the letters to New York and exhibited them to Mr. Guffey and Mr. Wanamaker. Mr. Shields endeavored to show a connection between Judge Gordon's gubernatorial candidacy an his possession of the letters, but his questions were ruled out.

The witness explained that although he had testified that he had not shown the letters to Mr. Guffey in New York, on one occasion, while coming from New York to Philadelphia on a Sunday morning in May last he had in his pocket three of the letters, and had shown them to Mr. Guffey. This was the only occasion when Guffey saw them.

Judge Gordon stated emphatically that he never took a paper or anything else from the cashier's desk, and never saw the Quay letters and the red book until shown them by the receiver.

A. L. Tabor, who was the teller of the bank, was placed on the stand to identify the Quay letters and telegrams.

At this juncture the District Attorney offered the first of the famous letters in evidence. Mr. Shapley stated the defense intended to make strenuous objection to the admission of the letters, and that argument of some length would be made by Mr. Watson.

REBELS BEATEN AGAIN.

Repulsed, With Heavy Loss, in an Attack on MacArthur's Line.

Washington, April 12.—War Department officers are greatly pleased over teh capture of Santa Cruz by the expedition under Gen. Lawton. Gen. Otis cabled Adjt.-Gen. Corbin the result of the battle. It is regarded here as a much greater victory than was at first supposed. Santa Cruz is the military key of the Laguna de Bay and its capture is of the greatest importance.

The victory of the Americans was complete. After the battle ninety-three dead Filipinos were counted on the field. Ten Amreican soldiers were wounded. The enemy was utterly routed and fled eastward to the marsh lands.

Following are the dispatches received from Gen. Otis this morning:

"Manila, April 11, 1899.

"Adjutant-General, Washington:

"Lawton's success at Santa Cruz more complete than reported yesterday; enemy left ninety-three uniformed dead on field and number seriously wounded; Lawton captured city without destructing property His loss is ten wounded, slight, except two; one since died. Lieut. Elling only officer wounded; slight, in hand. Enemy retired eastward. Lawton in pursuit early this morning. OTIS."

"Manila, April 11, 1899.

"Adjutant-General, Washington:

"Insurgents attacked MacArthur's line of railway communication last night with considerable force; repulsed by Wheaton with heavy loss; Wheaton's casualties, three killed, twenty wounded. OTIS."

The most important interpretation which the War Department officers place on these dispatches is that the campaign in Luzon, which a week ago appeared to have been brought to a rather indecisive close, has been renewed in a way that promises to rival in brilliant results the operations of MacArthur's flying column. Without disparagement of the other Generals, great credit is accorded to Gen. Lawton, and the moral influence of the reenforcements which he took with him to the Philippines is very great. The War Department was this morning more hopeful of speedy successful results, perhaps, than it had been at any time within the last two weeks.

The fact that the American losses were so light and that the army is in a condition to pursue the fleeing Filipinos without resting, brings keen satisfaction to the Administration.

The War Department officials deny the reports that 100,000 soldiers will be required in the Philippines to maintain order. One prominent official said that the report was started by soldiers who wished to be colonels in the volunteer regiments, and that Gen. Otis had been sent every soldier he requested, and that he had cabled that he had a sufficient force to meet all emergencies. The Department is preparing to send several regiments of regulars to Manila to relieve the volunteers who will be called back, but they have no idea of sending any such force as the statements published this morning claim is necessary.

Adjutant-Gen. Corbin said that the official proclamation of peace by the President would not cause the mustering out of the volunteers in service in the Philippines. "They will be continued in service just the same as ever," he said, "because under the lay they can be kept in service for six months after peace is declared."

He added that there probably would be individual discharges, but there would be no wholesale discharges and re-enlistments. The volunteers, however, would be returned to this country as soon as they could be spared.

MR. HOBART BETTER.

His Physicians Hope to Have Him Out in a Few Days.

Washington, April 12.—The sensational reports in regard to Vice-President Hobart's health are very annoying to his family and friends. Mr. Hobart has been a very sick man, but he is much improved now, and his physicians hope to have him up and out within a few days. He had not sufficiently recovered from the attack of grip last February to make the trip South, and went to Thomasville against the advice of his physicians. An attack of acute indigestion followed, and he was very ill for several days. The doctors prescribed absolute quiet, and for this reason refused to allow anyone to see him.

The stories that he was so ill that even the President could not see him started in this way. No fear is expressed as to his condition now.

Profits of the Opera.

New York, April 12.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Maurice Grau Opera Company occurs to-day in the Metropolitan Operahouse, to close up the affairs of the company for the year. It is estimated that the receipts for the season will be something over $800,000, and the profits about $150,000, which will be divided about equally between Maurice Grau, as the managing director, and the stockholders. In addition to this, Mr. Grau will benefit by a performance to be given on the evening of April 25, when the company returns from its Philadelphia season.

The singers, too, are credited with having made large amounts, Jean de Reszke heading the list with about $70,000. Van Dyck will clear about $30,000, Edouard de Reszke $28,000, Van Rooy and Plancon $12,000 each, Saleza $10,000, Dippel $8,000, Bispham $7,500, and Maurel and Albers $6,000 each. Mme. Sembrich heads the list of women singers with $28,800, Mme. Lehmann got $26,000, Nordica $25,000, Eames $15,000, Brema $10,000, Engle, Saville, and Mantelli $4,000 each; Melba $3,600, Suzanne Adams $3,500, and Schumann-Heink at the rate of $1,000 a month. All these amounts do not include the money received for the out-of-town performances.

The Pope's Recovery.

Rome, April 12.—The Pope yesterday received the members of the Sacred College, who congratulated the Pontiff on his restoration to health.

THE KIDNEY COMPLEXION.

The pale, sallow sunken-cheeked, distressed-looking people you so often meet are afflicted with "Kidney Complexion."

Their kidneys are turning to a parsnip color. So is their complexion.

They may also have indigestion, or suffer from sleeplessness, rheumatism, neuralgia, brain trouble, nervous exhaustion and sometimes the heart acts badly.

The cause is weak, unhealthy kidneys.

Usually the sufferer from kidney disease does not find out what the trouble is until it is almost too late, because the first symptoms are so like mild sickness that they do not think they need a medicine or a doctor until they find themselves sick in bed.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root will build up and strengthen their weak and diseased kidneys, purify their diseased, kidney-poisoned blood, clear their complexion and soon they enjoy better health.

You can get the regular sizes at the drug store at fifty cents and one dollar, or you may first prove for yourself the wonderful virtues of this great discovery, Swamp Root, by sending your address to DR. KILMER & CO., BINGHAMTON, N. Y. for a sanple bottle and a book that tells all about it, both sent absolutely free by mail. When writing kindly mention that you read this liberal offer in THE COLUMBIAN.

A "moving party" is the latest original idea which a young lady has conceived. The cards of invitation request the recipient to bring something good to eat and drink and a hammer and nails. After refreshments, music and dance, the guests are expected to turn in and help pack the dishes, furniture and chattels of the young lady, whose horror of moving drove her to exercise her ingenuity by throwing the task on a merry crowd.

Fine Engraving.

We engrave all goods bought of us absolutely FREE of charge. All work guaranteed to be of the highest type. Consider this proposition, and you cannot fail to appreciate its value. Some engraving takes an hour's time, some a good deal longer—but it's free, just the same. If you have bought goods elsewhere and want the article artistically engraved, we shall be pleased to do the work for you. Many beautiful articles are *ruined* by being placed in inartistic hands for engraving, or being scratched by an engraving machine. When desired, we submit a sketch of the letter to be placed on goods before engraving. Fine script and block letter work, and complicated letter monograms are our specialties.

J. E. ROYS,
Jeweler.

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WELL MADE
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Shoe Book Free.

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Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

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WEEKLY CHATS JONAS LONG'S SONS.

WILKES-BARRE, PA.,
Thursday, Apr. 13, 1899.

The selling of the Manufacturer's stock at the Great Industrial Sale is continued one week more. Last week the thousands of people who profited by coming here had no hesitation in confessing that the bargains offered were wonderful, and that this sale is a public benefactor. This week in our carpet department on the third floor, you will find thousands of yards of late arrivals in Spring Carpets such carpets as we sell cannot loose their identity, individuality of designs and patterns is a protection that we owe you as our customers and there is not a yard of carpet passes from this store that we will not tell you who the maker is and if you don't care to ask you'll find by looking on the back that the makers name is woven in every yard. And more than this you have our personal guarantee. These prices for this week:

Half wool Ingrain Carpet per yard 30 cents.

Lakeside Brussels Carpet, new triple lock weave, per yard 65 cts.

Tapestry Brussels Carpet per yard 42 cents.

Cordova Brussels Carpt per yard 75 cents.

Axminister Carpets per yard $1.00.

SUPERIOR MILLINERY.

We are at the goal of perfection in the millinery world, and nowhere can such beauty creations be seen. The most complete masterpieces are assembled here. European ideas and American inspirations bearing Jonas Long's Sons stamp of excellence and merit. Every piece of millinery which passes from this store posesses style that is exceptional and exclusive—not commonplace.

Trimmed hats at $3.00, $4.00 and $5.00.

There's as much style and beauty about these hats of ours at these prices as would be possible to find in most hats at twice the price.

OUR NEW FURNITURE STORE ON THE FOURTH FLOOR.

Tells a story of progress in furniture making. Furniture made for the sensible careful buyer; furniture made for wear, for comfort and worth qualities are shown here, and we are convincing all that our prices are much lower than you will find it possible to buy for at other stores.

BED ROOM SUITS AT $20.00 EACH.

An exceptional value is offered this week in solid Oak Bed Room suits at the above price. There are three pieces in the set; come with sweel drawers, cast brass trimmings, and 24x20 beveled mirror; at most furniture stores price would be $30.00; we deliver furniture free everywhere.

TWO VERY IMPORTANT DRESS GOODS OFFERINGS.

At 50 cents a yard we offer this week an assortment of new Spring Dress goods, consisting of some 3700 yards all told, the styles are entirely new, the colorings are for Spring wear and the quality is positively the greatest value ever offered at this price.

At 75 cents per yard we offer a great combination of Black Dress Goods; the assortment consists of almost every new weave that will be used this Spring, and there is not a piece in the lot that is not worth from 98 cents to $1,25 per yard.

If you will send us your address, we shall be pleased to send you samples of these special offerings or any other silks and dress goods that you may desire.

BUTTERICKS PATTERNS.

The newest styles in paper patterns reached us this week. Also the new fashion sheets and delineator for May. You will find them at our book counter, or write us for them.

Jonas Longs Sons

Cor. W. Market St. and Public Sq.
Wilkes-Barre, Pa.